



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2013

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

PREPARED BY:
THE ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

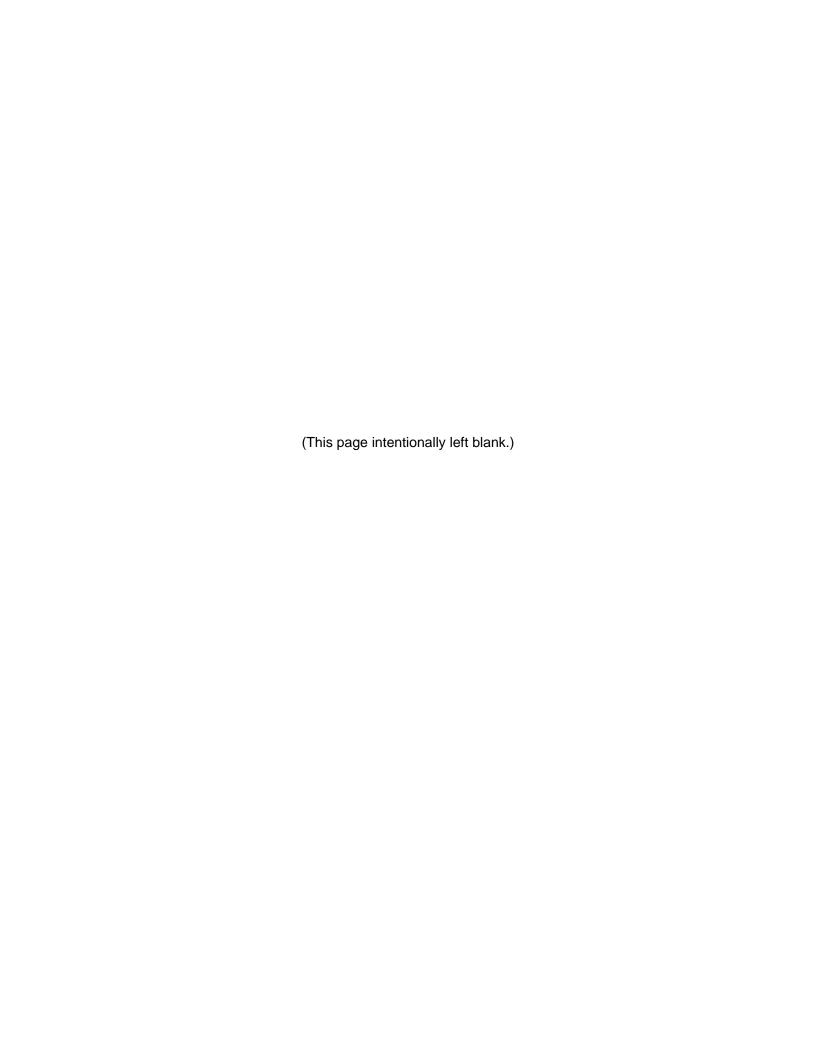
JACQUELYN ACOSTA
DIRECTOR OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT





December 30, 2013

Honorable Mayor and Council members of the City of Carson, California:

It is my pleasure to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 of the City of Carson, California, which consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the city. Responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information included in the report rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established an internal control system which is designed to achieve reasonable, but not absolute, assurances that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and that sufficient, reliable information is compiled to aid in the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds and capital assets of the primary government (i.e., the city of Carson as legally defined), as well as its component units that are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. The Carson Redevelopment Agency (Agency) was previously included within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit until June 30, 2011. However, on December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1x 26 (the Bill) that provides for the dissolution of a redevelopment agency. In accordance with the provision of the Bill, the City elected to serve as the Successor Agency. Accordingly, beginning with fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the dissolved Carson Redevelopment Agency was excluded from the City-wide financial statements and reported as fiduciary fund. The Carson Housing Authority, which was established to carry out the housing function of the dissolved Carson Redevelopment Agency, was reported as a blended component unit.

CITY PROFILE

Carson was part of a Spanish Land Grant known as Rancho San Pedro deeded to Juan Jose Dominguez over 200 years ago. During the incorporation process, the community was named after George Henry Carson, a member of the Dominguez family. "Dominguez" was a close second to "Carson" as the name for the newly incorporated city. The city adopted the motto of "Future Unlimited." Part of the reason for that statement of unbridled optimism was the city's strategic location and abundant vacant land.

Located in the South Bay section of Los Angeles County, Carson has grown from a population of approximately 61,000 in 1968 to 92,196 in 2013. Over the years, three annexations have increased the City's size to 19.2 square miles. Steady and continued growth has enabled Carson to become a city of regional significance. In FY 1998/99, Carson's assessed valuation was \$7.4 billion. Ten years later, the assessed valuation on secured and unsecured properties has grown to \$13.5 billion. Carson has been included in the top 20 highest valued cities in the county since 1998, according to the annual report of the Assessor's Office of the County of Los Angeles. For 2013, the city of Carson is ranked the 11th highest in assessed value of all Los Angeles County cities, recording a total of \$13.2 billion.

Form of Government

The City of Carson ("City") was incorporated as a General Law city on February 20, 1968. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the governing council, which consists of an elected Mayor and four Councilmembers. The Council is elected on a nonpartisan basis. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term. Councilmembers are elected to four-year, staggered terms with two Councilmembers elected every two years. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, setting City policies, adopting ordinances and resolutions, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and directives of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the directors and officers of the City's departments.

The City provides a broad range of services, including construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure, planning and zoning activities, public transit, recreational activities and cultural events for all ages. The City of Carson contracts with the County of Los Angeles for police protection and building and safety services. Library services, fire protection and sewer services are provided by appropriate agencies of the County of Los Angeles. The City's educational needs are served by the Los Angeles Unified School District and some private schools. Solid waste collection and disposal, gas, water, electric and communication services are provided by private companies.

Of regional significance is the California State University, Dominguez Hills (CSUDH), which is located within the City of Carson. Established in 1960, CSUDH offers an impressive variety of bachelors and masters degree programs. The campus includes a privately financed 85-acre national training center known as the Home Depot Center. The center features a state-of-the-art 27,000-seat soccer stadium, a 13,000-seat professional tennis stadium, a 4,800-seat track and field facility (expandable to 20,000), 18 tennis courts, five soccer training fields, and an indoor cycling velodrome.

While Carson is well known as an industrial center with unparalleled access to transportation and the Pacific Rim, it is also a culturally diverse community that is an attractive place to live and work.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Carson has had a healthy financial position for many years. But due to the economic downturn in the housing market and the overall economic crisis facing the nation in 2008, the general fund balance fell 13% from \$20.8 million in FY 2008/09 to \$18.2 million in FY 2009/10; however, the fund balance has steadily increased from \$23.5M in FY 2010/11 to \$36.4M in FY 2012/13 due to City-wide effort to cut costs and better than projected overall revenues. Total actual 2013 general fund revenues came in at \$7.3 million or 11% more than the projection as a result of positive budget to actual variances in sales and use tax revenues by \$5.3 million (26.6%) and other revenues by \$2.9 million (285%), which came from one-time distributions of money from the dissolution of redevelopment agencies. With regards to 2013 general fund expenditures, actual of \$67.4 million were 3.8% less than the final budget of \$70.1 million. Community services comprised

43.4% of the total general fund expenditures. As of June 30, 2013, the general fund balance stood at \$36.4 million which represents 52% of the \$70.1 million adopted operating budget for that year.

Although the general fund balance increased for the current year, the City continues to keep a lean budget as the major revenue sources of the City continue to face challenges. The increase in the projection of the sales tax will be diluted by the reduction in other major revenue sources. Sales taxes and property taxes continue to be the major revenue sources, bringing in \$25.2 million and \$15.6 million, respectively, in FY 2012/13. The sources of revenues were used primarily for the Community Services Department, which account for \$34.0 million of the \$97.2 million total governmental funds expenditures. This Department consists of the Public Safety, Parks and Recreation, Transportation and the Human Services Divisions plus the Community Center, all tasked with the delivery of essential services such as police protection, recreation facilities, transportation and social services.

The economic downturn and dissolution of redevelopment agencies state-wide have created financial challenge to local governance. While the City seems to be recovering slowly, there are still lingering impacts from the recession, especially in the housing market. In addition, the dissolution of redevelopment agency cut the City's revenue stream by approximately \$28 million per year in tax increment revenues. Therefore, tough policy decisions remain, which will require that we identify our highest priorities and make wise resource allocation choices.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Public Safety

One of the City Council's top priorities continues to be public safety. This is demonstrated by the City's goal to increase the actual and perceived level of public safety and to make our neighborhoods, businesses, and parks safer for all citizens. Cognizant of the fact that the City's continued growth and prosperity depends on the realization of this goal, the City Council approved a unique, Carson-exclusive, Park Safety Plan that calls for the deployment of sheriff deputies specifically at the City's parks. The park enforcement team has issued 100 citations and made 250 arrests, and continues to ensure a safe environment at our parks.

The City's Code Enforcement program continues to respond to and resolve numerous service requests on a daily basis. The Youth Services division, in cooperation with the Sheriff's Department, continues to promote public safety and crime prevention through the administration of a number of proactive programs such as "Youth and the Law," the "Parent Project", "Positive Choices", and "Anger Management for Teens," all designed to reduce crime through preventative and educational efforts. The City also enforced seatbelt and Driving Under the Influence (DUI) checkpoint activities. These checkpoint activities resulted in 6 DUI arrests, 175 citations issued, and 64 illegally-driven vehicles removed from City streets through checkpoints conducted throughout the year. The success in the city-wide area of law enforcement can be summarized as follows: 81 DUI arrests, 6,527 citations issued, and 1,558 illegally-driven vehicles removed from City streets throughout the year.

Parks and Recreation

The Parks and Recreation division operates 12 parks, 4 swimming pools, 3 mini-parks, a boxing center, 2 indoor sports complexes, and a skate park. Recent park and recreation improvements include the renovation of Del Amo Park and the redesign of the standardized irrigation system for our parks. The City has also undertaken a significant park-related capital improvement project known as the Carson Park Master Plan project. It is an 11-acre park and recreation facility, which will include a new recreation building, ball fields, a gymnasium and various activity rooms.

The Congresswoman Juanita Millender-McDonald Community Center renovated in 2003 is a 73,000 square-foot facility used as a meeting center for community and business sponsored events. The

Community Center houses both the Senior Technology Center, which provides computer services for the senior populace, and the improved Early Childhood Educational Center. These park and facility improvement projects, coupled with park security efforts, demonstrate the City's continued effort to provide its residents with an enhanced quality of life.

Infrastructure

On the average, about 400,000 cars travel daily by freeway through Carson's City limits and major thoroughfares. Although this provides great opportunities for community exposure, this traffic places an intense demand on the City's infrastructure. To respond to infrastructure demands, the City has undertaken several major street and transportation projects. Such projects include: the extensive street improvements on the stretch of Broadway Street from Main Street to Alondra Boulevard, and on Central Avenue from Del Amo Boulevard to University Drive, and modifications of the I-405 interchange both at Wilmington Avenue and Avalon Boulevard to improve traffic operation and safety.

The City's Development Services Work Group continues to pursue alternate financing sources for infrastructure improvements by utilizing available Federal, State and County grants, as well as maximizing the use of its gas tax and dedicated sales tax revenues for street maintenance projects thereby making it possible to dedicate general fund monies to the delivery of other essential public services.

Housing and Economic Development

Continuing to be the forefront of the City's economic development initiative is the Boulevards at South Bay, a development of up to 2 million square feet of ultra-modern, mixed-used facilities with a wide array of restaurant and entertainment venues, big box retail stores, a hotel with a conference center and more than 1,000 residential units either for ownership or for rent. This project is expected to generate sales tax and other revenues, and create job opportunities for the residents of the City.

The low tax rates have contributed to the marketability of Carson to businesses. There are large modern petro-chemical facilities (e.g. BP Arco, Tosco Refining, Shell), electronics manufacturers (e.g. Sony, Kenwood, Pioneer, Sansui), automobile dealers (e.g. WIN Chevrolet, Toyota, Honda, Nissan, Back In the Days), aerospace companies (e.g. In-Eros Corporation, Northrop), trucking companies (e.g. Southwest Trails, Proceed USA, USC Intermodal Services Inc.), retail stores (e.g. IKEA, Sears, JCPenny, Target, Home Depot, Old Navy, Children's Place and Staples) and restaurants (e.g. Chili's, Panera Bread, Tony Romas, Olive Garden) within the City. Many have stayed and expanded (e.g. Pioneer Video, Leiner Products). The City Council's emphasis on quality developments – both commercial and residential – along with a city-wide beautification effort, have had a positive impact on the City. In recent years, well-known builders have chosen Carson as a location for their projects. Residential developments include the following recently completed and ongoing projects:

- 1. 12 single-family houses 2535-2569 E. Carson Street
- 2. 40 unit apartment complex 21227 Figueroa Street
- 3. 65 unit apartments 425 E. Carson Street
- 4. 152 for-sale houses 616 E. Carson Street
- 5. 40 unit apartments 407-409 E. Carson Street
- 6. 150 unit market rate luxury apartments 21720-21814 Avalon Blvd.
- 7. 86 unit senior apartments-708-724 E. Carson Street

Although redevelopment had effectively ceased as of July 2011 and dissolved as of February 1, 2012, Carson continues the effort to sustain the demand for commercial development. The Carson Redevelopment Agency ("Agency") had been involved in purchasing land and facilitating development that increases the general fund revenue, creates shopping opportunities for residents, adds to the existing housing stock and removes blighted and contaminated sites. City and Agency accomplishments toward that goal are described below.

Auto Row

The expansion of the Carson Auto Row on 223rd Street along the I-405 Freeway, formerly a Brownfields site includes a new Nissan franchise with a state-of-the-art facility; a new Honda facility; the former Cormier Chevrolet dealership, now Win Chevrolet; Cruise America, a recreational vehicle rental business; the upgraded Carson Toyota dealership; and the former Altman's Winnebago recreational vehicle dealership, now the new site of Carson Car Pros Kia dealership.

Porsche Experience Center - 19800 Main Street

In November 2011, Porsche announced that City of Carson will be the future home of the Porsche Experience Center (PEC), a specialized vehicle experience center, one of two in the country and the fifth in the world. The 53-acre will sit mostly on the now-closed Dominguez Hills Golf Golf Course (by I-405 freeway), formerly a landfill area. The project is located right next to the Boulevards at South Bay project, which will have enormous amounts of residential, hotel, retail, entertainment, and office space. The PEC will feature a state-of-the art test track, driving skills course, simulators, a Porsche showroom, a retail facility for high-performance auto parts, and a restaurant, among others. Porsche will also move its North American offices from Santa Ana to the Carson site.

The Los Angeles County Economic Development Corporation estimated that the construction of the project will generate \$45.5 million in additional economic activity in Southern California, while the ongoing operations will generate \$22.5 million annually. The Porche Experience Center is projected to be completed in 2014.

The following is a full account of the ongoing activities throughout the City geared at achieving economic gains for Carson.

- The Boulevards at Southbay (formerly Carson Marketplace): In FY 2008/09, the Agency provided approximately \$39 million assistance for site remediation. Total financial assistance granted to the Developer as of June 30, 2013 amounted to \$69.5 million. As of same date, total assessed value of the property increased to \$47.2 million or a seven-fold increase compared to 2006's \$6.6 million. Once completed, the development is expected to exceed an assessed value of \$950 million. Remediation of the Boulevards site, which is located on Del Amo Boulevard west of the I-405 freeway, is about 65% complete.
- <u>17505 S. Main Street:</u> After the State's dissolution of redevelopment in California, this property was transferred to the City's Successor Agency. State mandate requires that this property be sold, with the proceeds to be turned over to the State.
- 401, 425, 437 E. Carson Street: The Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with The Related Companies for development of a 65-unit workforce housing apartment complex. The project was successfully completed in June of 2012. The second phase will be located at 401 E. Carson Street with a 40-unit affordable apartment community
- <u>20802 S. Main Street:</u> After the State's dissolution of redevelopment in California, this property was transferred to the City's Successor Agency. State mandate requires that this property be sold, with the proceeds to be turned over to the State.
- <u>22020 Recreation Road</u>. The Agency had a loan with the owner of this property, which was used for the sale of recreational vehicles. In the summer of 2011, when the owner defaulted on the Agency's loan, as well as two other loans with two different banks, in accordance with the terms of the Agency's loan agreement with the owner, the Agency foreclosed on the property. To do so meant that the Agency had to also acquire the other two bank loans first,

which it did. At this point in time this was now a Successor Agency property and acquisition of the property was in keeping with the law to maintain the value of such properties prior to disposing of them.

Because the property is along the I-405 freeway it is well suited for operation as an auto dealership. A local KIA automobile dealership asked to purchase the site from the Agency at fair market value and the Agency sold the property to the dealership in September 2012 for the appraised fair market value. The dealership, Car Pros, will transition its operation from its existing off-freeway location to the new site which should substantially increase its exposure and sales.

- <u>Cormier Chevrolet</u>: In accordance with the terms of the DDA the Agency resold the land and improvements back to Win Chevrolet in December 2011 for the then fair market appraised value.
- <u>2254 E. 223rd Street</u>: There is a seven-year BP purchase option on the remnant 5.0-acre Agency property which is due to expire on November 15, 2012. After the State's dissolution of redevelopment in California, this property was transferred to the City's Successor Agency. State mandate requires that this property be sold when the option expires, with the proceeds to be turned over to the State.
- <u>2403 E. 223rd Street</u>: After the State's dissolution of redevelopment in California, this property was transferred to the City's Successor Agency. State mandate requires that this property be sold, with the proceeds to be turned over to the State.
- <u>2535 E. Carson Street</u>: The former redevelopment agency entered into a DDA, in June of 2011, with the Olson Company for purchase of the property and development of 12 single family detached, affordable residential units. The Construction started in summer of 2012.
- 616 E. Carson Street: The Agency entered into a DDA with CityView in February 2011. Plans call for a development of a mixed-use commercial/retail and residential project consisting of approximately 13,000 square feet of ground floor retail space and one hundred fifty-two (152) for-sale residential units. Fifteen percent (15%) of the residential units will be sold to qualified affordable buyers. Construction is expected to start in the first half of 2013.
- 21208 Shearer Street: After receiving a No Further Action letter from the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) to allow for the development of a passive park the Agency hired AHBE landscape architects to design a passive park for the site. The park was completed in January 2012.
- 21009 S. Prospect Avenue: The property was assembled with contiguous parcels for a site
 with a total developable area of 1.55 acres. Because the property was purchased with
 Agency low-mod housing set-aside funds and intended for residential development, it, along
 with the rest of the contiguous property, was transferred to the Carson Housing Authority
 rather than the Successor Agency. A suitable developer will be sought.
- 21521 Avalon Boulevard: After the State's dissolution of redevelopment in California, this property was transferred to the City's Housing Successor Agency, which is the Carson Housing Authority (Authority). Unlike property held by the Successor Agency, property transferred to the Authority is subject to Authority law and shall be developed in accordance thereto. The Authority will consider development possibilities until one is selected.
- <u>Carson City Center:</u> Phase II (known as The Renaissance at City Center) began construction in Fall 2010 and includes: 150 market-rate rental housing units (1, 2 and 3 bedroom), 25,000 square feet of lifestyle-oriented shops, and subterranean parking. Unfortunately, there was a large fire at Phase II in October of 2011. The fire set the

completion of the project back and now Phase II construction is now slated for completion in Fall 2013.

• <u>21607 S. Main Street</u> - A new 3,675 square foot building for retail/restaurant use is proposed to be constructed in the parking lot along Main Street and in front of the Seafood City grocery store. The Planning Commission approved the development plan on June 26, 2012.

Community Awareness and Communication

Recognizing that an informed citizenry is an asset to City government, the City of Carson has been proactive in providing public access to information. The Public Information division of the City Manager's office supplies a variety of information to Carson residents, including information on transit services, demographics, upcoming events, as well as the production and distribution of publications pertaining to Carson. Major publications include the quarterly issues of the Carson Report, which present both information about city government and the community. Additionally, the City maintains a website at http://ci.carson.ca.us, which contains a wealth of information about the City, and including information about employment opportunities, job training, youth services, local events, council and commission meetings, as well as providing links to other related websites. Moreover, through the website, the public can watch the live broadcast of City Council meetings on video stream, from practically anywhere in the world.

Beautification/Green Task Force

As no economy can thrive without an effective infrastructure, no community can continue to grow and prosper without continual efforts to imbue a sense of pride in its citizenry. To this end, the Public Works Department has been working diligently to improve the City's appearance. For example, street maintenance crews routinely replace street name signs, remove weeds on City property, maintain and monitor approximately 2,000 City trees, and strive to maintain zero potholes throughout the City. The Landscape and Building Maintenance Division is responsible for the City's graffiti abatement program, as well as the maintenance of all of the City's buildings, facilities and landscaped grounds. These crews are out daily making sure that all City facilities and landscaped grounds are kept in tip-top shape. The Community Development Department also strives to create a more beautiful Carson by administering such programs as "Neighborhood Pride" and the "Business Beautification Program." Additionally, they work with numerous developers and landowners to revitalize old, and/or build new, commercial, industrial and housing projects in the City.

The City has also formed a "Green Task Force" to identify "green" programs and create an environmental action plan in an effort to support the local and global environment. The following are examples of energy-saving projects completed in recent years:

- Utilized solar energy as an 85 Kilowatt contribution system to the Community Center, which produced renewable energy.
- Converted all lighting to LED at the Community Center parking and walk areas, which reduces energy usage and provides a cleaner and brighter light for patrons.
- Installed retro lighting throughout the City, which reduced energy consumption. The Corporate Yard project reduced 40% of the electricity usage in the Gary Steel building.
- Participated annually in the Southern California Edison Demand Bid program, which reduces energy consumption.
- Installed Cal-sense irrigation system in all City facilities with Smart Clocks and Smart Valves, which reduces water usage by approximately 26%.

The City is currently working on more energy-saving projects including 1) installing an ocean-friendly garden system for aesthetics and reduction of water usage, 2) installing the "Cool" roofs for City facilities, and 3) implementing a turf reduction program throughout City facilities.

In 2012, the City made the Silver level in the SCE rating, which is projected to reach the Gold level. The City also received an award for the solar project at the Community Center and has been

selected to receive the Beacon Award for Energy Conservation. The Engineering Division is currently working on several energy efficiency projects to prepare them to participate in the 2014 World Wildlife Fund's Earth Hour City Challenge. Among these projects are:

- 1. Carson Street median street lights Upgrade to LED lights
- 2. City-wide median street lights Upgrade to LED lights
- 3. City-wide safety lighting (on traffic signals) Upgrade to LED or Induction Lighting
- 4. Lighting at City parks
- 5. Solar power projects
- 6. Feasibility of purchasing SCE-owned street lights

The City of Carson is a leader in the South Bay area in the Energy Conservation program.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The officials having direct responsibility for the financial administration and management of the City are the City Treasurer, the Director of Administrative Services and the Finance Officer. Fiscal operations include general accounting, financial reporting, treasury and investment management, business license, payroll, accounts payable, accounts receivable, procurement of supplies and services, budget preparation and monitoring and information technology.

Financial Report Preparation

The City has presented its CAFR in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments since June of 2003. The GASB is the authoritative body in establishing U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. GASB 34 financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States aim to make annual reports more comprehensive, easier to understand and more useful. In addition, this financial reporting model hopes to improve government's accountability in financial reporting and provide additional information for decision-making.

GASB also issued Statement No. 44 which applies to state and local governments preparing a statistical section accompanying basic financial statements. In compliance with this requirement, the City has included the following information categories in the Statistical Section of its CAFR: (1) financial trends, (2) revenue capacity, (3) debt capacity, (4) demographic and economic information, and (5) operating information. While the City was not able to present the 10-year historical information on some schedules, it was able to provide data extracted from government-wide financial statements retroactively from the City's year of GASB implementation in June 2003.

Beginning with FY 2008/09, the City was required to comply with another GASB pronouncement, GASB Statement No. 45, which requires accrual accounting for the expensing of other post-employment benefits (OPEB). The expense is generally accrued over the working career of employees, rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. Based on the analysis prepared by an actuarial consultant, the City's net increase in its OPEB obligation at June 30, 2013 is \$675,933, after applying the contributions made during the fiscal year of \$5,023,239 from the annual OPEB cost of \$5,699,172. The net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2013, is \$15,738,726. Additional information can be found in Note 9 to the basic financial statements of this report.

Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the City classified its fund balance components in accordance with GASB 54 - Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, segregating its fund balance into spendable and non-spendable resources.

Finally, beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB statement nos. 34 and 14; GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position; and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.

Single Audit

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, as amended, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of Federal financial assistance, the independent auditors' reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings are included in a separately issued single audit report.

As a recipient of Federal, State and local financial assistance, the City's internal control structure must also ensure, as well as document, compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, staff and the independent auditors.

Independent Audit

The Carson Municipal Code requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. Through a selection process, the City awarded the audit contract to Vasquez & Company, LLP, beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The auditors' report on the government-wide financial statements, and individual fund statements and schedules, is included in the financial section of this comprehensive annual financial report. The report expresses the auditor's unqualified opinion as to the fair presentation, in all material respects, of the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Carson for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principle and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Finance staff of the Administrative Services Department continuously strives to enhance the quality and ensure the integrity of the financial information provided to elected officials, management and staff, as well as to the citizens of the great City of Carson. I would also like to sincerely thank Vasquez & Company, LLP. Staff for their technical expertise, their sage advice and their assistance in the preparation of this document. Finally, I would like to express my gratitude to the Mayor, the members of the City Council, and the City Manager for their interest and support towards conducting the financial operations of the City in a fiscally responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Jajcquelyn Acosta

Director of Administrative Services

CITY OF CARSON ELECTED OFFICIALS FISCAL YEAR 2012/13



Jim Dear Mayor



Elito M. Santarina Mayor Pro Tem



Mike A. Gipson Councilmember



Lula Davis-Holmes Councilmember



Albert Robles Councilmember



Donesia L. Gause City Clerk



Karen Avilla City Treasurer

CITY MANAGEMENT

Jacquelyn Acosta Acting City Manager

Jacquelyn Acosta
Director of Administrative Services

Clifford W. Graves
Director of Community Development

Raymond R. Cruz
Director of Community Services

Farrokh Abolfathi Director of Public Works/City Engineer

City of Carson

Position Statement

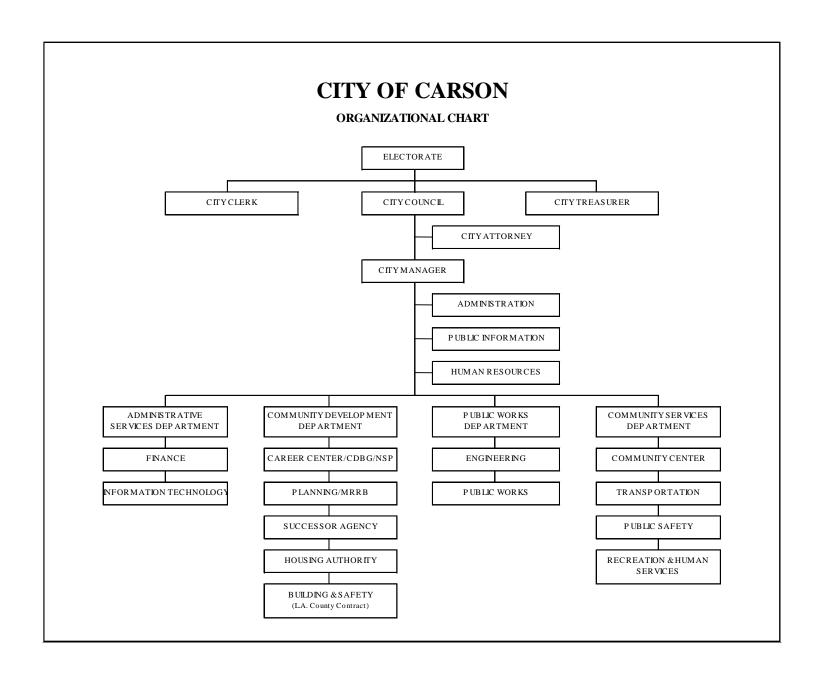
Carson is a vibrant city with a small town atmosphere where relationships are important. This is clearly visible throughout the community, from the stable single family neighborhoods, which make up nearly eighty percent of the City's residences, to the partnerships between businesses and volunteer-driven agencies, which strengthen the City's remarkable social fabric.

The social composition of Carson is California miniature. It is a city with a balanced ethnic and cultural mix living together in harmony and prosperity.

The community takes pride in the large percentage of Carson students who attend college, many to California State University, Dominguez Hills, a valuable asset to the City.

Carson's strategic position in the heart of the powerful economic engine that is Southern California attracts international corporations, which recognize the City's bright future. The City's proximity to the West Coast's two major ports, as well as its intersection by four Southland freeways, makes it a major gateway to the Pacific Rim.

We, the people who live and work in Carson, take pride in our City and will continue to build relationships which ensure that future.





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Carson California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT





REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council City of Carson, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carson, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carson, California, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15 and budgetary comparison information and schedule of funding progress for pension and other postemployment benefits plan on pages 66 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Carson's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2013, on our consideration of the City of Carson's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Carson's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Los Angeles, California December 30, 2013

Vargue + Company LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the management of the City of Carson ("City"), offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities and performance of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter at the front of this report, and the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

- ➤ The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2013 by \$371.3 million. This amount is referred to as the net position of the City. Of this amount, \$296.9 million represent net investment in capital assets, \$62.1 million is restricted, and \$12.4 million is unrestricted.
- The City's net position decreased by approximately \$18 million during the fiscal year as a result of total expenditures exceeding total revenues by \$18 million. For FY 2012/13, revenues decreased by \$9.9 million while expenditures increased by \$9.5 million over the FY 2011/12 levels. The majority of the overall decreases in revenues are related to the passing of AB 1X 26, which approved the dissolution of redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012. Property tax increment revenues are now being distributed to the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency, which is now reported as a Private-purpose Trust Fund. Grants and contributions also decreased during the year because of completion and closure of ARRA grants during the last fiscal year. Expenditures increased during the year due to the elimination of reimbursements from Redevelopment Agency to offset the cost of administering redevelopment activities.

Fund Financial Statements

- As of June 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$79.2 million, a decrease of \$7.5 million over the prior fiscal year's restated fund balance due to the dissolution of redevelopment agency. Approximately \$6.7 million (8.5%) of the \$79.2 million balance is unassigned and is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- As of June 30, 2013, the total fund balance of the City's General Fund was \$36.4 million, a \$6.7 million (22.8%) increase from the prior year level of \$29.6 million.
- ➤ In the General Fund, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$6.3 million, before other financing sources/uses.
- ➤ The City's total long-term liabilities decreased slightly by \$29 thousand for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, from \$25.72 million to \$25.69.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also consists of supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities make up the government-wide financial statements. The focus of these statements is the primary government and they exclude information about the fiduciary funds.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

All of the City's activities are considered to be governmental in nature and as a result, no business-type activities are reported in these statements. The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the City include general government, public services, development services, economic development, capital maintenance programs, and interest and other charges.

The government-wide financial statements include the City itself (known as the primary government). The Successor Agency to the Dissolved Carson Redevelopment Agency is reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds.</u> Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of

revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Proposition C Local Return, and the Federal Highway Planning Grant Fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the *nonmajor governmental funds supplementary information* section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate its compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 18 of this report.

Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions*. The Statement establishes new fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound by constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental fund.

More details on these fund balance classification can be found on Note No. 1 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

As discussed in Note 1, during the FY 2012/13, the City also implemented the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 61. 63 and 65.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. These funds are custodial in nature and the measurement of operations is not appropriate. Beginning with FY 2011/12, the fiduciary funds include the Successor Agency to the Dissolved Carson Redevelopment Agency.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 22 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and a comparison of budgeted to actual results for the General Fund. *Required supplementary information* can be found beginning on page 66 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following *the required supplementary information*. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 73 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Statements Analysis

Net position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, net position was approximately \$371.3 million as of June 30, 2013. Net position decreased by \$18 million, or 4.8%, for fiscal year 2012/13 as explained in the financial highlights at the beginning of the discussion. Assets decreased by \$29.6 million (6.8%) and liabilities decreased by \$11.6 million (26.2%) compared to June 30, 2012, mainly due to the payment of short-term liabilities as of the end of the current year.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position at June 30, 2013 (\$296.9 million, or 80% of total net position) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following table presents a comparison of the net position as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

Summary of Net Position June 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governmen	Increase	
		2012	(Decrease)
_	2013	(As restated)	
ASSETS			
Cash and other assets \$	106,985,730	\$ 131,058,165 \$	(24,072,435)
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	296,900,646	302,392,752	(5,492,106)
Total assets	403,886,376	433,450,917	(29,564,541)
LIABILITIES			
Current and other liabilities	6,871,409	18,427,017	(11,555,608)
Long-term liabilities	25,690,723	25,720,201	(29,478)
Total liabilities	32,562,132	44,147,218	(11,585,086)
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	296,900,646	302,392,752	(5,492,106)
Restricted	62,065,816	84,339,606	(22,273,790)
Unrestricted	12,357,782	2,571,341	9,786,441
Total net position \$	371,324,244	\$ <u>389,303,699</u> \$	(17,979,455)

A portion of the City's net position, \$62.1 million (16.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$12.4 million is unrestricted net position and is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Statement of Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$18 million for fiscal year 2012/13. The total revenue for the fiscal year is \$90 million, which is a decrease of \$9.9 million from the prior year. The total expenses increased by \$9.5 million from \$98.5 million to \$108.0 million. The following table presents the comparative revenue and expenditure data for fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

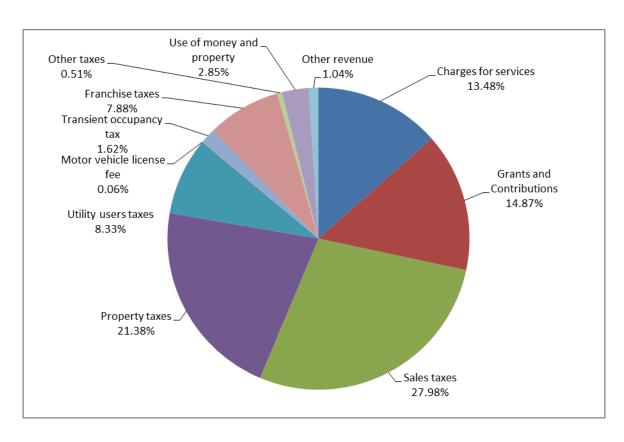
Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Program revenues 2013 2014 Increase/ (Decrease) Charges for services \$ 12,137,769 \$ 14,690,950 \$ (2,553,181) Grants and contributions 12,895,134 13,483,809 (588,675) Capital grants and contributions 28,980,100 3,148,874 (2,659,074) Canital grants and contributions 25,187,734 13,483,809 (588,675) Canital grants and contributions 25,187,734 20,688,872 4,498,862 Taxes 25,187,734 20,688,872 4,498,862 Taxes 25,187,734 20,688,872 4,498,862 Property taxes 19,247,084 28,206,102 (8,959,018) Utility users taxes 7,495,997 8,016,141 (520,144) Motor vehicle license fee, unrestricted 50,405 256,016 (205,611) Transient occupancy tax 1,462,174 1,307,732 154,442 Franchise taxes 7,990,887 7,746,907 (656,020) Other taxes 463,116 390,600 72,516 Use of money and prope		Government	al Activities	
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Cameral revenues	Grants and contributions	12,895,134	13,483,809	(588,675)
Taxes Sales taxes 25,187,734 20,688,872 4,498,862 Property taxes 19,247,084 28,206,102 (8,959,018) Utility users taxes 7,495,997 8,016,141 (520,144) Motor vehicle license fee, unrestricted 50,405 256,016 (205,611) Transient occupancy tax 1,462,174 1,307,732 154,442 Franchise taxes 7,090,887 7,746,907 (656,020) Other taxes 463,116 390,600 72,516 Use of money and property 2,568,878 1,763,424 805,454 Other revenue 938,422 195,425 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 (9,867,452) Expenditures General government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs <t< td=""><td>Capital grants and contributions</td><td>489,800</td><td>3,148,874</td><td>(2,659,074)</td></t<>	Capital grants and contributions	489,800	3,148,874	(2,659,074)
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Motor vehicle license fee, unrestricted 50,405 256,016 (205,611) Transient occupancy tax 1,462,174 1,307,732 154,442 Franchise taxes 7,090,887 7,746,907 (656,020) Other taxes 463,116 390,600 72,516 Use of money and property 2,568,878 1,763,424 805,454 Other revenue 938,422 195,425 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 (9,867,452) Expenditures General government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Change in net position before extraordinary items	Property taxes	19,247,084	28,206,102	(8,959,018)
Transient occupancy tax 1,462,174 1,307,732 154,442 Franchise taxes 7,090,887 7,746,907 (656,020) Other taxes 463,116 390,600 72,516 Use of money and property 2,568,878 1,763,424 805,454 Other revenue 938,422 195,425 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 (9,867,452) Expenditures Severnmental activities General government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraord	Utility users taxes	7,495,997	8,016,141	(520,144)
Franchise taxes 7,090,887 7,746,907 (656,020) Other taxes 463,116 390,600 72,516 Use of money and property 2,568,878 1,763,424 805,454 Other revenue 938,422 195,425 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 (9,867,452) Expenditures Governmental activities 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Total 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) <td>Motor vehicle license fee, unrestricted</td> <td>50,405</td> <td>256,016</td> <td>(205,611)</td>	Motor vehicle license fee, unrestricted	50,405	256,016	(205,611)
Other taxes 463,116 390,600 72,516 Use of money and property 2,568,878 1,763,424 805,454 Other revenue 938,422 195,425 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 (9,867,452) Expenditures Governmental activities General government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831)	Transient occupancy tax	1,462,174	1,307,732	154,442
Use of money and property Other revenue 2,568,878 938,422 195,425 742,997 1,763,424 195,425 742,997 805,454 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 (9,867,452) Expenditures Governmental activities 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) (891,117) Community development Ocommunity development Ocommunity development Ocommunity services 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 1,738,842 Community services Ocommunity servic	Franchise taxes	7,090,887	7,746,907	(656,020)
Other revenue 938,422 195,425 742,997 Total 90,027,400 99,894,852 742,997 Expenditures Expenditures Governmental activities Government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) This position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Other taxes	463,116	390,600	72,516
Expenditures Sevenmental activities Sependitures Sepnditures Sepnditures Sepnd	Use of money and property	2,568,878	1,763,424	805,454
Expenditures Governmental activities General government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Other revenue	938,422	195,425	742,997
Governmental activities General government 22,049,082 22,940,199 (891,117) Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs - - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Tokange in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Total	90,027,400	99,894,852	(9,867,452)
Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	-			
Community development 32,878,975 13,071,236 19,807,739 Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	General government	22,049,082	22,940,199	(891,117)
Public works 15,799,718 14,060,876 1,738,842 Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)			13,071,236	· ·
Community services 35,247,843 41,684,670 (6,436,827) Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)			14,060,876	1,738,842
Capital maintenance programs 2,031,237 - 2,031,237 Pass-through expenditures - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Community services		41,684,670	(6,436,827)
Pass-through expenditures Interest and other charges - 1,397,879 (1,397,879) Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)			· · · · · -	
Interest and other charges - 5,350,108 (5,350,108) 108,006,855 98,504,968 9,501,887 Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Pass-through expenditures	-	1,397,879	(1,397,879)
Change in net position before extraordinary items (17,979,455) 1,389,884 (19,369,339) Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)		-	5,350,108	
Extraordinary items - (17,923,715) 17,923,715 Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	_	108,006,855	98,504,968	9,501,887
Change in net position (17,979,455) (16,533,831) (1,445,624) Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Change in net position before extraordinary items	(17,979,455)	1,389,884	(19,369,339)
Net position, beginning, as restated 389,303,699 405,837,530 (16,533,831)	Extraordinary items	-	(17,923,715)	17,923,715
	Change in net position	(17,979,455)	(16,533,831)	(1,445,624)
	Net position, beginning, as restated	389,303,699	405,837.530	(16,533.831)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Key elements of the significant changes in fiscal year 2012/13 revenues are as follows:

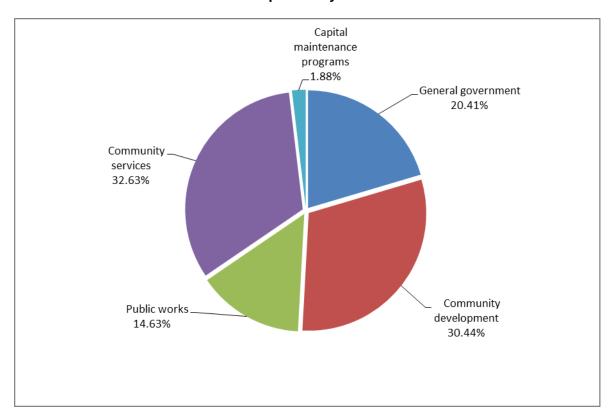
- Property taxes decreased by \$8.9 million due to the dissolution of redevelopment agency.
 The passage of AB 1X 26 dissolved the redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012 and
 assets of the former agency were transferred to the Successor Agency of the Dissolved
 Carson Redevelopment Agency. Property tax information of the Successor Agency can be
 found in the fiduciary fund financial statement.
- Sales tax revenues had an increase of \$4.5 million, a 21.7% increase over FY2011/12. In FY2011/12, sales tax had an increase of 22%. This two-year consecutive increase is a sign that the economy is slowly recovering from prior years' economic condition, which had reduced sales revenues throughout the region.
- Miscellaneous revenue increased by \$2 million because of one-time distribution of property tax money that resulted from the dissolution of redevelopment agencies.
- Grants and contributions decreased by \$3.2 million primarily because of the completion and closure of ARRA grants during the FY 2011/12.
- Charges for services decreased by \$2.6 million. The decrease resulted mainly from a decrease in revenue from general government and public services.

Revenues by Source- Governmental Activities



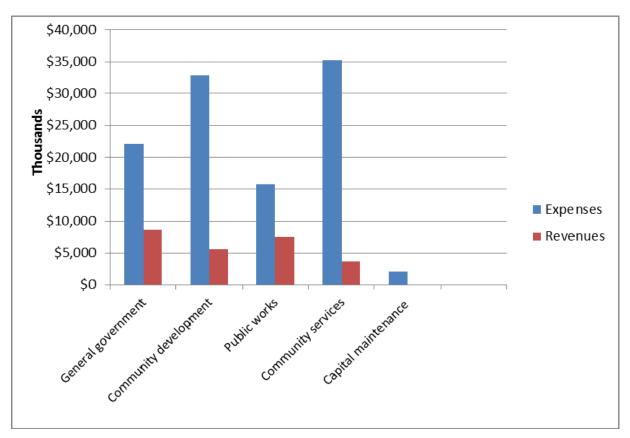
The top seven major revenue sources come from: 1) sales and use taxes – 28%, 2) grants and contributions - 15%, 3) No/low property taxes - 14%, 4) charges for services – 13%, 5) utility users taxes – 8%, 6) franchise taxes – 8%, and 7) motor vehicles in-lieu taxes – 8%. Charges for services, which decreased 17% over prior year, are fees imposed on the user for public safety, public works, youth and adult services provided by the City. Examples of these services include business license application, charges for planning and zoning checks, building code assessments, public works inspections, filing fees, and various parks and recreation program fees.

Expenses by Function



Expenses of the governmental activities totaled \$108.0 million, which is an increase of \$10 million or 10% from the prior year. While most expenses of the various governmental activities increased, the interest and other fiscal charges decreased due mainly to the dissolution of the redevelopment agency. Community services, which account for 33% of total expenses, include the cost of public safety, parks and recreation, transportation, and human services programs.

Governmental Activities Expenses versus Program Revenues



Program expenses exceed program revenues in all categories resulting in an \$83 million deficit for FY 2012/13. The City depends on general tax revenues to fund the operations and program activities.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *restricted fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$79.2 million. The City's governmental funds report a balance of \$6.7 million in its unassigned fund balance, which can be spent at the City's discretion. Assigned fund balance reports a total of \$5.1 million which, are set aside for specific purposes. Restricted fund balance of \$36.3 million is subject to externally enforceable legal obligations which, mainly include (1) general fund - \$2.4 million, (2) Housing projects - \$28.6 million and (3) other governmental funds of \$5.2 million.

Non-spendable fund balance of approximately \$9.8 million cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. These include (1) inventory - \$374 thousand, (2) prepaid assets and loans receivable totaling \$1.2 million and (3) land held for resale of \$8.1 million. Committed fund balance of \$13.7 million, which is set aside for economic uncertainties equates to 20% of the following year's adopted general fund budget, \$90 thousand for reward fund, \$2.5 million for budget stabilization fund and \$4.1 million for contribution to OPEB Trust fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance is \$36.4 million, \$6.7 million of which is unassigned. As a measure of General Fund liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. General Fund unassigned fund balance represents 11.6% of total general fund expenditures of \$66.9 million. The City's General Fund balance increased by \$6.7 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors of this increase were attributed to an increase in revenue during the year. The following table presents the comparative revenue and expenditure data of the general fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and 2013:

General Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

	Gene	_	Increase	
	2013	_	(Decrease)	
Revenues				_
Taxes \$	58,039,523	\$ 52,413,906	\$	5,625,617
Licenses and permits	5,733,199	6,127,567		(394,368)
Fines and forfeitures	1,890,301	1,972,907		(82,606)
Charges for services	118,040	2,504,288		(2,386,248)
Intergovernmental	2,122,974	416,903		1,706,071
Use of money and property	1,261,475	1,098,287		163,188
Miscellaneous	3,987,743	890,761	_	3,096,982
Total revenues	73,153,255	65,424,619		7,728,636
				_
Expenditures				
Current:	00 400 4=4			(570 704)
General government	20,120,174	20,690,955		(570,781)
Interfund reimbursement	-	(5,198,738)		5,198,738
Community development	3,889,965	1,435,078		2,454,887
Public works	13,211,613	7,943,400		5,268,213
Community services	29,249,568	35,115,221		(5,865,653)
Capital improvement programs	407,452	495,902	_	(88,450)
Total expenditures	66,878,772	60,481,818		6,396,954
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	6,274,483	4,942,801		1,331,682
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (Note 6)	1,014,636	1,177,316		(162,680)
Transfers out (Note 6)	(540,014)	(2,503)		(537,511)
Net other financing sources (uses)	474,622	1,174,813	_	(700,191)
Change in fund balance	6,749,105	6,117,614		631,491
Fund balance, beginning of year	29,618,905	23,501,291	_	6,117,614
Fund balance, end of year \$	36,368,010	\$ 29,618,905	\$_	6,749,105

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In the General Fund, differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in an increase in appropriation of \$3.7 million due to increases in community services and general government categories.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities amounts to \$296.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation of \$188 million) as of June 30, 2013. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than building, infrastructure (roads, sidewalks, streetlights, etc.), and machinery and equipment.

(Net of Accumulated Depreciation) June 30, 2013 and 2012

	_	2013	 2012
Land, land right and improvements	\$	92,936,028	\$ 92,936,028
Buildings and improvements		19,676,548	20,459,885
Machineries and equipment		2,547,423	2,884,618
Infrastructure		166,582,200	170,171,096
Construction in progress	_	15,158,447	15,941,125
Total	\$	296,900,646	\$ 302,392,752

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 4 to the basic financial statements of this report.

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had no outstanding bonded debt outstanding as these are now part of the dissolved redevelopment agency reported in the fiduciary fund financial statement. The City has a net OPEB obligation of \$16.9 million as of June 30, 2013. The City established an Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust and contributed \$3.4 million to this irrevocable trust fund during the year.

Outstanding Debt June 30, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
Other long-term debt:		
Other post-employment benefits \$	16,917,930	16,803,490
Self-insurance claims payable	3,806,386	3,481,341
Compensated absences	4,966,407	5,435,370
Total	25,690,723 \$	25,720,201

Additional information on the City's OPEB obligation can be found in note 9 to the basic financial statements of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The City is slowly recovering from the economic downturn, which impacted the entire nation and California. Like many other cities, our City has experienced the impact through the declines in our revenue sources; however, we have been able to successfully strategize on ways to combat and lessen the impact of these negative trends while also improving organizational effectiveness and program efficiencies. Although, an increase in sales tax revenue during the last three fiscal years may show signs that the economy is slowly recovering, the projected increase in sales tax for FY 2013/14 will be diluted by the reduction in other major revenues of the city such as property taxes. Therefore, the city anticipates the continuance of lean budgets with very tight controls on the expenditures.

FY 2013/14 General Fund revenues are projected to be \$68,635,600, which is \$5.5 million less than the FY 2012/13 year-end actual revenues of \$74,167,891, which include transfers in.

FY 2013/14 General Fund expenditures are projected to be \$68,635,600, which is \$1.2 million more than the year-end actual expenditures for FY 2012/13 of \$67,418,786.

Since it is likely that revenues will be affected if both job losses and lower consumer spending continue, the City is aggressively monitoring revenue and expenditure trends in order to be prepared financially for any further downturns. While we are hopeful that the worst may be behind us and we may be moving towards stabilization leading to recovery, we were very conservative in revenue projections for the upcoming year in order to avoid any impacts should the economic recovery be delayed.

The following are issues that will impact the City in the near and long term future:

- ➤ The California Legislature approved and the Governor signed bill ABX1 26 (legislation), which dissolves California redevelopment agencies and establishes mechanisms for paying existing agency debts and liquidating agency assets. This bill was appealed to the State Supreme Court which ruled, on December 29, 2011, that ABX1 26 is constitutional and valid. The dissolutions of all redevelopment agencies took effect as of February 1, 2012. Additional information on the dissolution of the redevelopment agency can be found in note 13 to the basic financial statements.
- ➢ GASB 45 OPEB: With the implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 45, the City is now required to report its "other post employment benefits (OPEB) obligations for current and future retirees. The City has made it a priority to plan for this significant unfunded liability. During FY 2011/12, the City joined the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) and made contributions to the fund. Information on the unfunded OPEB liability is found in note 8 to the basic financial statements of this report. In FY 2012/13, the City established a policy to fund CERBT annually.

Despite tough economic times, the City continues to be mindful of ways to improve the level of services that it provides to the residents as well as to provide additional resources to the community. It is staff's endeavor to continue to improve overall City performance by continuing programs, which include public safety, public infrastructure maintenance, parks and recreation, youth outreach programs, and employment and business development programs. For example, the City, in conjunction with its Successor Agency to the Dissolved Redevelopment Agency, has implemented economic and housing development projects that will not only improve the aesthetic features of the City but will also generate revenues that will be used to enhance the quality of life of its residents. The City continues its effort to bridge the digital gap within the senior community by ensuring that its current 21-computer Senior Technology center is up-to-date and its Senior Cyber Café continues to offer social setting where seniors have a place to relax, surf the web, and drink coffee. The City intends to continue these programs while preserving and enhancing the safety and welfare of the community.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for readers of the financial statements. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Jackie Acosta, Director of Administrative Services, Finance Department, 701 E Carson St. Carson, CA 90745.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



		Governmental
ASSETS		Activities
Cash and investments	\$	49,102,424
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		19,295,417
Receivables		
Taxes		6,598,998
Accounts		343,605
Accrued interest - other		4,579,284
Loans, net of discount and allowance for uncollectible accounts		15,706,481
Due from government agencies		1,413,355
Due from Successor Agency		202,080
Inventory		373,690
Prepaid and other assets		1,223,457
Land held for resale		8,146,939
Capital assets not being depreciated		117,437,882
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	179,462,764
Total assets	; -	403,886,376
LIADUITIO		
LIABILITIES		4.544.000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,544,389
Accrued payroll		227,439
Due to governmental agencies		1,471
Due to Successor Agency		1,254,220
Refundable deposits		22,236
Unearned revenues		659,509
Retentions payable		162,145
Noncurrent liabilities		0.005.555
Due within one year		3,295,555
Due in more than one year	-	22,395,168
Total liabilities	• -	32,562,132
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		296,900,646
Restricted for:		230,300,040
Public works		3,379,453
Housing projects		56,811,390
Community services		1,874,973
Unrestricted		12,357,782
Total net position	\$	371,324,244
Total net position	Ψ	011,047,444

				Pr	ogram Revenu	es			
			Charges		Operating		Capital		Net
			for		Contributions		Contributions		Governmental
	Expenses		Services		and Grants	_	and Grants		Activities
Governmental Activities									
General government \$	22,049,082	\$	8,675,070	\$	-	\$	- \$	3	(13,374,012)
Community development	32,878,975		2,746,177		2,871,902		82,463		(27,178,433)
Public works	15,799,718		345,210		7,081,418		-		(8,373,090)
Community services	35,247,843		371,312		2,941,814		407,337		(31,527,380)
Capital maintenance programs	2,031,237		-		-	_			(2,031,237)
Total Governmental Activities \$	108,006,855	\$	12,137,769	\$	12,895,134	\$	489,800		(82,484,152)
									_
	General rever	nues	;						
	Taxes:								
Property taxes 1								19,247,084	
Sales taxes								25,187,734	
Transient occupancy taxes									1,462,174
Franchise taxes									7,090,887
Admissions tax								463,116	
	Utility	y us	ers tax						7,495,997
	Motor ve	hicle	e license fee,	unr	estricted				50,405
	Use of m	one	y and propert	y					2,568,878
	Other re	venu	ıe						938,422
			Total gene	ral	revenues				64,504,697
			Change in	ne	et position				(17,979,455)
	Net position -	_	•	tate	ed			. –	389,303,699
	Net position -	end	ing				\$	· _	371,324,244

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	General	Carson Housing Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	General	Authority	T unus	Total
Cash and investments (Note 2) \$ Cash and investments with fiscal agents	31,438,680 \$	28,868,567	8,090,594	\$ 68,397,841 -
Receivables:	0.500.405		0.500	0.500.000
Taxes Accounts	6,589,465 343,419	- 186	9,533	6,598,998 343,605
Accrued interest - other	3,877	4,394,286	181,121	4,579,284
Loans	35,119	50,921,599	-	50,956,718
Due from other funds (Note 5)	717,172	66,321	38,960	822,453
Due from Successor Agency	23,751	35,475	142,854	202,080
Due from government agencies	553,164	-	860,191	1,413,355
Inventory Prepaids and other assets	373,690 1,223,457	-	-	373,690 1,223,457
Land held for resale	1,223,437	8,146,939	-	8,146,939
Total assets \$	41,301,794 \$		\$ 9,323,253	\$ 143,058,420
:				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$	3,435,955	101,271	, ,	\$ 4,544,389
Accrued payroll Due to other funds (Note 5)	150,000 54,022	130,660	77,439 637,771	227,439 822,453
Due to Successor Agency	-	-	1,254,220	1,254,220
Due to government agencies	1,471	-		1,471
Retentions payable	-	139,815	22,330	162,145
Unearned revenue	474,545	-	184,964	659,509
Refundable deposits	22,236	-	=	22,236
Self insurance claims payable	795,555			795,555
Total liabilities	4,933,784	371,746	3,183,887	8,489,417
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	<u> </u>	55,315,885		55,315,885
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable				
Loans receivable	35,119	-	-	35,119
Inventory Prepaid and other assets	373,690 1,223,457	-	-	373,690 1,223,457
Land held for resale	1,223,437	8,146,939	-	8,146,939
Restricted		2,112,222		2,112,222
Housing projects	-	28,598,803	5,206,026	33,804,829
1% PEG fees	361,310	-	-	361,310
Alameda Corridor Projects	1,000,000	=	-	1,000,000
Capital projects (DTC)	1,123,088	-	=	1,123,088
Committed Economic uncertainties	13,727,120	_	_	13,727,120
Budget stabilization fund	2,500,000	-	- -	2,500,000
Reward funds	90,000	-	=	90,000
OPEB Trust contribution	4,092,003	-	-	4,092,003
Assigned				
Raised median construction	345,072			345,072
Self-insurance	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000
Special projects Capital projects	1,000,000 1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000 1,000,000
Equipment replacement	1,000,000	-	1,015,107	1,015,107
Utility underground	998,110	_	-	998,110
Load shed program	102,329			102,329
Encumbrances and continuing	•			, -
appropriations	156,714	-	-	156,714
Unassigned	6,739,998	-	(81,767)	6,658,231
Total fund balances	36,368,010	36,745,742	6,139,366	79,253,118
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of \$ resources and fund balances	41,301,794 \$	92,433,373	9,323,253	\$ 143,058,420

City of Carson Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

Fund balance of governmental funds	\$	79,253,118
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets of governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets		484,944,935
Accumulated depreciation		(188,044,289)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds. Self insurance claims Compensated absences Net OPEB liability	\$ (3,010,831) (4,966,407) (16,917,930)	(24,895,168)
Unavailable revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds and recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities.		55,315,885
Receivables that are not expected to be collected are reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the Statement of Net Position. This does not affect the governmental fund financial statements.		(21,350,237)
Interest-free notes receivables are discounted in the Statement of Net Position. This does not affect the governmental fund financial statements.		(13,900,000)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	371,324,244

City of Carson Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2013

Revenues	General Fund	Carson Housing Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Taxes \$	58,039,523 \$	\$ 2,907,469	\$ 2,796,461	\$ 63,743,453
Licenses and permits	5,733,199	ψ 2,907,409 -	Ψ 2,790,401	5,733,199
Fines and forfeitures	1,890,301		123,270	2,013,571
Intergovernmental	118,040	_	7,676,927	7,794,967
Charges for services	2,122,974	_	784,223	2,907,197
Use of money and property	1,261,475	231,595	766,872	2,259,942
Charges to other funds	1,201,473	231,393	567,509	567,509
Miscellaneous	3,987,743	165,915	544,968	4,698,626
Total revenues	73,153,255	3,304,979	13,260,230	89,718,464
_	,			
Expenditures Current:				
General government	20,120,174	-	-	20,120,174
Community development	3,889,965	17,803,117	1,913,912	23,606,994
Public works	13,211,613	-	1,082,447	14,294,060
Community services	29,249,568	-	4,744,506	33,994,074
Capital improvement programs	407,452	-	4,780,305	5,187,757
Total expenditures	66,878,772	17,803,117	12,521,170	97,203,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	6,274,483	(14,498,138)	739,060	(7,484,595)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (Note 6)	1,014,636	-	551,945	1,566,581
Transfers out (Note 6)	(540,014)	-	(1,026,567)	(1,566,581)
Net other financing sources (uses)	474,622	=	(474,622)	
	_			
Change in fund balance	6,749,105	(14,498,138)	264,438	(7,484,595)
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated _	29,618,905	51,243,880	5,874,928	86,737,713
Fund balance, end of year \$_	36,368,010 \$	\$ 36,745,742	\$ 6,139,366	\$ 79,253,118

City of Carson Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2013

Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (7,484,595)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities differ from the amounts reported in the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because:	
Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the	
appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalization threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows:	
Capital outlay	3,156,520
Depreciation expense	(8,648,626)
Governmental funds do not report the effect of long-term debt. These debts	
are reported in the government-wide financial statements.	(205.045)
Claims and judgments	(325,045)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	
Compensated absences	468,963
Other post-employment benefits	(114,440)
Revenues that are measurable but not available. Amounts are recorded as	
deferred or unavailable revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting.	5,778,838
Receivables that are not expected to be collected are provided with allowance for uncollectible accounts in the Statement of Activities. This does not	
affect the governmental fund financial statements.	(10,811,070)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (17,979,455)

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT



Trust Fund		Fund
Assets		
Cash and investments \$ 53,293,615	\$	7,127,038
Cash and investments with fiscal agents 32,164,089		2,536,229
Receivables		
Accounts 4,063		-
Interest, investments 82,097		-
Interest, loans 249,057		-
Loans, net 2,560,057		-
Due from the City of Carson 1,297,352		-
Due from other agency funds -		3,816
Prepaid assets 57,726		-
Land held for resale 10,902,433		-
OPEB asset 1,179,205		-
Capital assets not being depreciated 24,139,100		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 29,575,130		-
Total assets \$155,503,924	_\$	9,667,083
15.1990.		
Liabilities	φ	4FF 400
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 342,854	\$	155,108
Accrued interest payable 2,427,721 Retention and refundable deposits 1,156,492		2 025 665
Due to City of Carson 205,897		2,925,665
Due to other funds -		43,133
Due to assessors/bondholders -		6,543,177
Noncurrent liabilities		0,545,177
Due within one year 7,047,178		_
Due in more than one year 179,990,197		-
Total liabilities 191,170,339	- \$	9,667,083
	- `	, ,
Fiduciary Net Position		
Net Position held in trust (35,666,415)	
Total net position \$ (35,666,415	_	

		Successor Agency to the Dissolved development Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund
Revenues		
Property taxes		\$ 36,351,794
Use of money and property		421,692
Net transfers from the City		4,752,524
	Total revenues	41,526,010
Expenses Community Development Debt service		36,402,131
Interest and fiscal charges		9,502,674
	Total expenses	45,904,805
Change in net position		(4,378,795)
Net position held in trust - beginning, as restated Net position held in trust - ending		\$ (31,287,620) (35,666,415)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component financial reporting units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the City of Carson (the primary government) and its component units, the Carson Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) and the Carson Housing Authority (Housing Authority). The financial activities of the Authority and the Housing Authority are blended with the financial activities of the City because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the City.

The City was incorporated under the provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended (Home Rule City Act). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides a full range of services, including city administration, economic development, public works, community development, transportation, public safety and recreational and cultural activities. The City contracts with the County of Los Angeles for police protection and building and safety services. Library services, fire protection and sewer services are provided by Special Districts of the County of Los Angeles.

The Carson Joint Powers Financing Authority was established pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated November 17, 1992, between the City and the former Carson Redevelopment Agency. The Authority was created for the purpose of providing financing for public capital improvements for the former Redevelopment Agency and the City. Even though it is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Authority. Separate financial statements of the Financing Authority are not issued.

The Carson Housing Authority was established on March 8, 2011 to carry out the housing function of the former Carson Redevelopment Agency in accordance with the California Housing Authority Law and other applicable housing-related regulations.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the City adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements, which impacted the City's financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB statement nos. 34 and 14. This statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The City determined that the City and the component units blended with the City's financial statements comply with the new requirements noted in the amendments.
- GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in GASB Statement No. 34 by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets.
- GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.
 The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that
 reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources,
 certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and
 recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that
 were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements report the governmental activities of the primary government (including its blended component units). The City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise fees, gas taxes, motor vehicle in-lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when the related cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *availability* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed non-exchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first.

Government- mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," because they do not represent net current assets.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities.

Because they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing source rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

Fund Classification

The funds designated as major funds are determined by a mathematical calculation consistent with GASB 34 and 63. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to a specific fund are accounted for in this fund. Expenditures of this fund include general operating costs and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds.

The <u>Carson Housing Authority Fund</u> accounts for assets used for low and moderate income housing activities in accordance with the applicable housing-related regulations. The housing assets of the dissolved redevelopment agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were transferred to Carson Housing Authority.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The City has the following Fiduciary Funds:

- Agency Fund This fund accounts for money and property held by the City as
 trustee or custodian. Among the activities are the disposition of funds, deposits
 made for the account of other governmental agencies, developers, and others
 under the terms of agreements for which the deposits were made. Agency funds,
 which are custodial in nature, do not involve measurement of results of
 operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to
 individuals and entities at some future time.
- Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund Private-purpose Trust Fund is a
 fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which
 principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets,
 liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Dissolved Carson
 Redevelopment Agency. Unlike the limited reporting typically utilized for Agency
 Funds, Private-purpose Trust Fund reports a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
 and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires City management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions, establishes the following fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City's nonspendable fund balance represents inventory, prepaid expenses, land held for resale, and loans receivable.

Restricted fund balance includes resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. It includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The City's restricted fund balances represent resources restricted for programs funded by grants and other restricted sources, capital projects, debt service and the low/moderate income housing program, and more.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council, as the City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit, through a resolution, fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by such formal actions taken. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specific use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. The City's fund balance amounting to \$20.4 million meets this classification as of June 30, 2013.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> consists of funds that are set aside for specific purposes by the City's highest level of decision making authority or a body or official that has been given the authority to assign funds. The City Council delegates the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager and the Administrative Services General Manager for purposes of reporting in the annual financial statements.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification for the City's fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. This category also provides the resources necessary to meet unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls.

The City considers the restricted fund balances to have been spent when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unrestricted and restricted fund balance is available. The City considers unrestricted fund balances to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the City to reduce the committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by the Carson Redevelopment Agency and assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as uses of money and property reported for that fiscal year. Uses of money and property also reports interest earnings, rental income, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. Interest income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance. Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value except for certain certificates of deposit and investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale in Housing Authority Fund represents housing properties transferred to the Housing Authority from the former redevelopment agency. These properties were approved and reported as housing assets of the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Land held for resale in the Fiduciary funds represents land purchased by the former Redevelopment Agency to further the Redevelopment Plan. Such land is recorded at the lower of acquisition cost or estimated net realizable value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value at the date of the contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of one year or more.

Capital assets include additions to public domain (infrastructure) consisting of certain improvements including land rights, roads, streets, overpass, sidewalks, medians, trees and storm drains.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The following schedule summarizes capital assets' estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Equipment and machinery	5-20 years
Infrastructure:	
Roadways	7-100 years
Sewer	25-30 years
Storm drain	20-50 years

Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventory in the General Fund consists principally of fuel, office supplies, recreational activity supplies and other miscellaneous materials and supplies. Materials and supplies are charged to inventories when purchased and treated as expenditure when issued. Inventory amounts are classified as nonspendable in the fund balance since they do not represent available spendable resources.

Employee Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the City to record the cost of employee compensated absences in the government-wide financial statements as earned. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, a liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon leave redemption, termination, or retirement.

Under GASB Statement No. 16, a liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness), which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement Nos. 63 and 65, the City recognizes deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 14 for the list of deferred inflows of resources the City has recognized as of June 30, 2013.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities in the current period.

The former Carson Redevelopment Agency receives annual property tax increment funds from the County of Los Angeles. In addition, the City receives funds from the State of California via the County, as the City is considered to be a "no and low" property tax City. The City's current year allocation of the "no and low" property tax of \$8,595,259 was included in the property tax revenues of \$15.6 million reported for the fiscal year 2012-2013.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1% of assessed value plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes are assessed and collected each fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

Lien date	January 1
Levy date	July 1 to June 30
Due date	November 1 – first installment
	March 1 – second installment
Collection date	December 10 – first installment
	April 10 – second installment

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	G	overnment-wide		Statement of					
		Statement of		Statement of		Successor			
		Net Assets		Agency		Other Agency	Total		
Unrestricted assets:	_								
Cash and investments	\$	49,102,424 \$	\$	53,293,615	\$	7,127,038 \$	109,523,077		
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		19,295,417		32,164,089		2,536,229	53,995,735		
Total cash and investments	\$	68,397,841	\$_	85,457,704	\$	9,663,267	163,518,812		

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	4,050
Deposits with financial institutions		57,209,141
Investments	_	106,305,621
Total cash and investments	\$	163,518,812

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity*	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	30%	30%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	10%
Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium-Term Notes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mutual Funds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	\$40 million per
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	No	N/A	N/A	account N/A

^{*} Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by fiscal agent are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agent. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	None	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	1 year	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Investment Agreements	N/A	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk pertains to the changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by fiscal agent) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining maturity in Months						
				12 Months	13 to 24	25-60			
Investment Type		Total		Or Less	Months	Months			
State investment pool	\$	14,321,375 \$;	14,321,375 \$	- \$	-			
Money market funds		33,762,453		33,762,453	-	-			
Bonds		2,651,058		-	203,674	2,447,384			
Federal agency securities		1,575,000		-	-	1,575,000			
Held by fiscal agent:									
Commercial paper		4,249,814		4,249,814	-	-			
Bonds		13,134,595		3,001,529	4,583,577	5,549,489			
Federal agency securities		19,511,094		1,403,710	-	18,107,384			
Money market funds		17,100,232		17,100,232	-	-			
•	\$	106,305,621 \$; <u> </u>	73,839,113 \$	4,787,251 \$	27,679,257			

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		Minimun Legal	n				
Investment Type	 Amount	Rating		AAA	 AA+/Aa2	 AA-/A+	Not Rated
State investment pool	\$ 14,321,375	N/A	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - \$	14,321,375
Money market funds	33,762,453	N/A		-	-	29,876,450	3,886,003
Bonds	2,651,058	Aaa		-	-	2,651,058	-
Federal agency securities	1,575,000	AA		-	1,575,000	-	-
Held by fiscal agent:	-						
Commercial paper	4,249,814	N/A		2,499,890	-	1,749,924	-
Bonds	13,134,595	N/A		-	12,807,235	327,360	-
Federal agency securities	19,511,094	N/A		12,638,074	6,873,020	-	-
Money market funds	17,100,232	N/A		-	-	-	17,100,232
Total	\$ 106,305,621		\$	15,137,964	\$ 21,255,255	\$ 34,604,792 \$	35,307,610

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

Investment Type Type		 Reported Amount
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency securities	\$ 14,790,107

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2013, the City's investments in the following investments types were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to buy the securities:

		Reported
	Investment Type	 Amount
•		
Federal	Agency Securities	\$ 19,511,094

All of the above investments were held by a fiscal agent who selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the reporting government.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool of approximately \$14 million reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF's and the City's exposure to risk (credit, market or legal) is not currently available.

NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE

Details of the City's loans receivable as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Loans relative to development projects under		
various disposition and development agreements	\$	43,193,511
First Time Homebuyer Loan Program		7,728,088
Other loans	_	35,119
Total		50,956,718
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(21,350,237)
Discount on notes receivable	_	(13,900,000)
Loans receivable, net	\$	15,706,481

Because of the nature of various loans receivable in relation to development projects under various disposition and development agreements, the City provides an allowance for uncollectibility against such loans. The City reports such loans as program costs. The City also discounted interest-free loans issued in relation to the Housing Authority's housing projects.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is the summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2013:

2010.		Da ainain a						For diamen
		Beginning						Ending
		Balance,		_		Decreases/		Balance,
		July 1, 2012		Increases	-	Transfers	_	June 30, 2013
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	37,627,670	\$	117,108	\$	_	\$	37,744,778
Machinery and equipment		13,918,113		513,747		-		14,431,860
Infrastructure								
Roadways		285,517,107		3,308,343		-		288,825,450
Sewer		20,123,476		-		-		20,123,476
Storm drain		6,381,489		-		-		6,381,489
Total capital assets being depreciated		363,567,855		3,939,198	_	-		367,507,053
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		(17,167,785)		(900,445)		-		(18,068,230)
Machinery and equipment		(11,033,495)		(850,942)		-		(11,884,437)
Infrastructure		(100 000 000)		(0.400.4==)				(100 100 00 1)
Roadways		(132,973,577)		(6,428,457)		-		(139,402,034)
Sewer		(15,021,576)		(349,479)		-		(15,371,055)
Storm drain		(3,199,230)		(119,303)	_	<u> </u>	_	(3,318,533)
Total accumulated depreciation		(179,395,663)		(8,648,626)	_	<u> </u>	_	(188,044,289)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		184,172,192		(4,709,428)		-		179,462,764
	•	,,		(1,1 00, 1=0)	-		_	,,
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land		15,344,218		-		-		15,344,218
Land rights		75,285,334		-		-		75,285,334
Land improvements		2,306,476		-		-		2,306,476
Infrastructure-street trees		9,343,407		-		-		9,343,407
Construction in progress		15,941,125	_	2,642,773		(3,425,451)		15,158,447
Total capital assets not being depreciated		118,220,560		2,642,773	_	(3,425,451)		117,437,882
Capital assets, net	\$	302,392,752	\$	(2,066,655)	\$_	(3,425,451)	\$_	296,900,646

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

	_	Amount
General Government	\$	1,695,938
Community services		3,986,697
Public works		1,624,017
Community development	_	1,341,974
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	8,648,626
	_	

In accordance with and as allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, the City capitalizes and reports general infrastructure assets acquired in the current year and prior years. Infrastructure assets recorded in prior years as part of implementing GASB Statement No. 34 included roadways, sewer, storm drain, land rights, land improvements, and infrastructure-street trees, which amounted to \$244,174,010 as of June 30, 2013.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Due From/Due to Other Funds

Due from/due to other funds as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Due to Other Funds							
				Carson		Nonmajor		
	Genera		Housing			Governmental		
Due From Other Funds:	_	Fund		Authority	_	Funds	_	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	127,042	\$	590,130 \$;	717,172
Carson Housing Authority		54,022		-		12,299		66,321
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	-		3,618	_	35,342		38,960
	\$_	54,022	\$	130,660	\$	637,771 \$	` _	822,453

Current interfund receivables and payables were due to (1) short-term borrowings to eliminate negative cash, (2) reimbursement of certain administrative costs, and (3) short-term borrowing for project costs.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2013 were as follows:

	 Tranfers In						
			Carson		Nonmajor		
	General		Housing		Governmental		
Tranfers Out:	Fund		Authority		Funds		Total
General fund	\$ 540,014	\$		\$		\$	540,014
Nonmajor Governmental							
Funds	474,622			-	551,945		1,026,567
	\$ 1,014,636	\$		_\$	551,945	\$	1,566,581

Interfund transfers were principally used to (1) to transfer monies to make debt service payments on outstanding bonds and (2) to transfer monies to reimburse the General Fund and other nonmajor governmental funds for street maintenance costs and other costs.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	-	Balance at July 1, 2012	 Additions	 Retirements	 Balance at June 30, 2013	 Amount due within one year	_	Amount due after one year
Compensated absences Net OPEB Obligation Self-insurance claims	\$	5,435,370 16,803,490	\$ 2,735,478 5,059,874	\$ 3,204,441 4,945,434	\$ 4,966,407 16,917,930	\$ 2,500,000	\$	2,466,407 16,917,930
payable	_	3,481,341	 732,014	 406,969	 3,806,386	 795,555	_	3,010,831
	\$.	25,720,201	\$ 8,527,366	\$ 8,556,844	\$ 25,690,723	\$ 3,295,555	\$_	22,395,168

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1. The liability for Governmental Activities is primarily liquidated from the General Fund.

The OPEB Plan is described in Note 8. The OPEB obligation is primarily liquidated from the General Fund and the Successor Agency Fund.

NOTE 7 SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS

The City is covered by self-insurance for dental and unemployment insurance. Additionally, the City is self-insured for the first \$250,000 for regular liability claims, employment practices claims and the first \$750,000 for workers' compensation claims. The City carries insurance for individual workers' compensation claims in excess of \$750,000 with the Safety National Casualty Corporation. The City carries insurance with a \$10,000 deductible for property losses with Travelers Property Casualty Company of America. The City carries insurance with a \$10,000 deductible for crime losses with National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

At June 30, 2013, \$3,806,386 has been accrued for claims payable. Such amount represents estimates of amounts to be paid for reported claims as well as a provision for incurred but not reported claims, which amount is based upon the City's past experience, as modified for current trends and information of the total liability. A total of \$795,555 has been recorded in the General Fund as the City anticipates that such amount will be paid from current resources.

While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30, 2013 is dependent on future developments, based upon information from the independent claims administrators and others involved with the administration of the programs, City management believes that the aggregate accrual is adequate to cover such losses.

NOTE 7 SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the City's claims activity for the two years through June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Workers' Compensation Claims	General Liability Claims	Totals
Balance at June 30, 2011 Additions	\$ 2,869,170 \$ 1,159,088	968,694 \$ 34,367	3,837,864 1,193,455
Payments	(879,351)	(670,627)	(1,549,978)
Balance at July 1, 2012 Additions Payments	3,148,907 144,914 	332,434 463,288 (283,157)	3,481,341 608,202 (283,157)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ 3,293,821 \$	512,565 \$	3,806,386

NOTE 8 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (PERS)

The City of Carson contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement, disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its executive office at 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Participants are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary. The City pays 7% while the employees pay 1% contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City contract with employee bargaining groups.

Under GASB 27, an employer reports an annual pension cost (APC) equal to the annual required contribution (ARC) plus an adjustment for the cumulative difference between the APC and the employer's actual plan contributions for the year. The cumulative difference is called the net pension obligation (NPO). The ARC for the period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2013 has been determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of June 30, 2010. The contribution rate indicated for the period is 19.911% of payroll for the miscellaneous plan. In order to calculate the dollar value of the ARC for inclusion in financial statements prepared as of June 30, 2013, the contribution rate is multiplied by the payroll of covered employees that were actually paid during the period from July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2013.

NOTE 8 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (PERS) (CONTINUED)

A summary of assumptions and methods used to determine the ARC is shown below.

Valuation Date June 30, 2012

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll

Average Remaining Period 24 Years as of the Valuation Date

Asset Valuation Method 15 Year Smoothed Market

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% (net of administrative expenses)
Projected Salary Increases 3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service, and

type of employment

Inflation 2.75% Payroll Growth 3.00%

Individual Salary Growth A merit scale varying by duration of employment

coupled with an assumed annual inflation growth of 2.75% and an annual production growth of 0.25%.

Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percentage of pay over a closed 20-year period. Gains and losses that occur in the operation of the plan are amortized over a rolling period, which results in an amortization of 6% of unamortized gains and losses each year. If the plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, then the amortization period may not be lower than the payment calculated over a 30 year amortization period.

The Schedule below shows the three-year trend information for City's annual contribution to the Plan.

Fiscal Year	Miscellaneous Plan	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/2011	\$ 5,881,646	100.0%	-
6/30/2012	6,406,512	100.0%	-
6/30/2013	6,004,466	100.0%	-

PERS valuation date of June 30, 2011 reported the plan was 74.9% funded. Entry age normal accrued liability was \$190.2 million versus the actuarial value of assets (AVA) of \$142.5 million resulted in \$47.7 million unfunded liability. The annual covered payroll was \$25.5 million representing a ratio of 187.4% against unfunded liability.

The Schedule of Funding Progress is presented as part of the Required Supplementary Information on page 69.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City administers a defined benefit plan, which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and qualified family members.

An employee is eligible for the City contribution provided they are vested in their CalPERS pension benefit and commence payment of their pension benefit within 120 days of retirement with the City. Vesting requires at least 5 years of PERS eligible service. The surviving spouse of an eligible retiree who elected spouse coverage under CalPERS is eligible for the employer contribution upon the death of the retiree.

The City contributes to the retiree health coverage of eligible retirees and eligible surviving spouses. The City's financial obligation is to pay for the retiree and eligible dependent coverage up to a monthly maximum.

The following table shows the maximum allowance for eligible retirees, as well as active employees:

	1/1/2013	1/1/2014
Full-Time	\$ 1,385	\$ 1,435
Part-Time with 8 yrs+	415	419
Part-Time Employees	115	119

City's Funding Policy

The plan provisions and contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The City joined the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) and has made a contribution of \$3,404,726 for the fiscal year 2012-2013 in addition to a direct contribution it paid for retiree benefits of \$1,618,513. The contribution of \$77,805 was for the benefit of the dissolved redevelopment agency employees. Total contribution during the fiscal year 2012-2013 amounted to \$5,023,239.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the current fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City and the Successor Agency's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

	_		6/30/2013		6/30/2012
			Successor		
		City	Agency	Total	Total
Annual Required Contribution	\$	5,278,049 \$	666,863 \$	5,944,912.00 \$	5,814,874
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		768,956	97,155	866,111	828,039
Adjustments to Annual Required Contribution		(987,131)	(124,720)	(1,111,851)	(1,062,978)
Annual OPEB Cost	_	5,059,874	639,298	5,699,172	5,579,935
Contribution Made		(4,945,434)	(77,806)	(5,023,239)	(4,917,824)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	_	114,440	561,492	675,933	662,111
Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of year	_	16,803,490	(1,740,697)	15,062,793	14,400,682
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset), end of year	\$	16,917,930 \$	(1,179,205) \$	15,738,726 \$	15,062,793

The City and the Successor Agency's annual OPEB cost combined, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and the two preceding years were as follows:

 Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	<u> </u>	Net OPEB Obligation		
6/30/2011 6/30/2012 6/30/2013	\$ 5,941,242 5,579,935 5,699,172	21.47% 88.13% 88.14%	\$	14,400,682 15,062,793 15,738,726		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented in the required supplementary information section, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Projected Unit Credit Method. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.75 percent discount rate, which reflects a blend between a pay-as-you-go discount rate of 5 percent and the 7.61 percent discount rate for invested assets, and annual cost trend rates of 8.5 percent for HMO and 9 percent for PPO initially, reduced by decrements of 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after the eighth year. All the rates included a 3.25 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years using a level-dollar basis. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3.25% per year.

Based on the latest Actuarial Study of the Plan as of July 1, 2011, the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was \$48 million. The City did not join CERBT until fiscal year 2012 and therefore, the City had not established a trust as of valuation date. Accordingly, the plan is unfunded and the actuarial value of plan assets was zero at the date of valuation.

Below is the funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2011:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	48,138,659
Actuarial Value of Assets		-
Unfunded Actuarial Accrual Liability (UAAL)	\$	48,138,659
Funded Ratio	-	0%
Covered Payroll	\$	25,477,297
UAAL as of % of Payroll		189.1%

Refer to Required Supplementary Information Section for the Plan's Schedule of Funding Progress.

NOTE 10 DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds reported an accumulated deficit in fund balance as of June 30, 2013:

	Accumulated Deficit		
Special Revenue Funds:			
Self Supporting Fund	\$	(81,767)	
State CIP Grants Fund		(37,500)	
WIA Grant Fund		(10,900)	

Management expects that these deficits will be remedied after the related reimbursements from the grants are received.

NOTE 11 EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2013, expenditures by function exceeded appropriations of the following City funds:

		Final				Amount
		Budget		Actual		Exceeding Appropriations
Major Funds:	-	Baaget	•	7 lotdai	-	прргорпацопо
General Fund						
Community development	\$	1,437,600	\$	3,889,965	\$	(2,452,365)
Carson Housing Authority						
Community development	\$	13,863,121	\$	17,803,117	\$	(3,939,996)
Nonmajor Funds:						
State Gas Tax Fund						
Capital improvement program		2,378,940		2,516,300		(137,360)
Proposition C Local Return Fund						
Community services		1,264,706		1,303,317		(38,611)
Air Quality Improvement Fund						
Community services		97,424		108,759		(11,335)
Self Supporting Fund						
Community services		822,850		929,586		(106,736)
State Local Transporation Fund						
Community development		-		1,315		(1,315)
Proposition 1B Fund						
Capital improvement program		709,548		725,888		(16,340)
Department of Justice/OJP Grant Fund						
Community services		68,000		73,679		(5,679)
Capital improvement program		287,000		295,800		(8,800)
WIA Grant Fund						
Capital improvement program		-		21,126		(21,126)

NOTE 12 DEBT ISSUED WITHOUT GOVERNMENT COMMITMENT

Assessment District No. 2006

In September 2006, the City of Carson issued \$25,000,000 and \$7,955,000 of Assessment District No. 2006-1 (Dominguez Technology Center West) Reassessment Revenue Bonds, Series A and Subordinate Series B, respectively. The Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition costs for improvements within the Assessment District, establish the Reserve Fund, pay the premium, and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds.

The City is not liable for repayment of this debt but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings for the benefit of the Bondholders.

NOTE 12 DEBT ISSUED WITHOUT GOVERNMENT COMMITMENT (CONTINUED)

For these reasons, neither the debt nor the related debt service transactions are recorded on the City's basic financial statements. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2013 is \$21,455,000 and \$6,900,000, for Series A and B, respectively.

Assessment District No. 92-1

In October 1992, the City of Carson issued \$13,100,000 of Assessment District No. 92-1 (Sepulveda Special District), Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds Series 1992 (collectively referred to as the "Bonds"). The Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the costs of the construction of certain street improvements, particularly the widening of a portion of Sepulveda Boulevard and included the reconstruction, removal, modification and relocation of pipelines, facilities, and the relocation of railroad tracks from the public right-of-way, storm drainage improvements, signalizing and landscaping. Bond proceeds were also used to establish the Reserve Fund, and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds.

The City's obligation to transfer funds to the Redemption Fund in the event of delinquent installments is limited to the balance in the Reserve Fund. The City is in no way liable for repayment but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings for the benefit of the Bondholders. For these reasons, neither the debt nor the related debt service transactions are recorded on the City's basic financial statements. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2013 is \$1,335,000.

NOTE 13 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the City recognized deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds financial statements. The deferred inflow of resources pertains to unavailable revenues, which represent long-term receivables that are not considered "available spendable resources" in the governmental funds financial statements.

Balance at June 30, 2013

Governmental Activities
Deferred inflow of resources
Unavailable revenue
Long-term receivables

\$ __55,315,885

NOTE 14 CONTINGENCIES – CLAIMS

The City is a defendant in several general damage and personal injury lawsuits and claims. These claims arise primarily from injuries sustained by the claimants while on property owned or maintained by the City. In the opinion of outside counsel and the City Attorney, the potential liability of the City for such claims will not have a material adverse effect upon the financial position of the various funds of the City.

NOTE 15 HOUSING AUTHORITY COMMITMENTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

Following are details of the Housing Authority's commitments under Development Agreements:

East Carson Housing Partners, L.P.

On June 15, 2010, the Carson Redevelopment Agency entered into a disposition and development agreement (DDA) with East Carson Housing Partners, L.P. (Developer) for the development of a 65-unit workforce housing community on a 1.75 acre Agency-owned property (Property) located at 425 E. Carson Street. The development was completed and fully leased by June 2012. The site provides housing for very-low, low and moderate income households. The product type ranges from one-bedroom to three-bedroom units.

The Agency provided assistance for the development of the project by selling the Property to the Developer for the fair market value of \$1,906,500 (Purchase Price). In addition, the Agency provided project assistance in the amount of \$6,888,000 towards Project development costs (Agency Assistance). The combined value of the land and set-aside funds are evidenced by a promissory note and secured by a Deed of Trust recorded on March 9, 2011. The Purchase Price and the Agency Assistance totals \$8,794,500. This amount is to be repaid by Developer with residual receipts over a 55 year period, with interest accruing at 0.5% per annum (Note). Any balance on the Note is due and payable at the end of 55 years from issuance of certificate of occupancy.

East Carson II Housing Partners, L.P.

On February 19, 2013 the Carson Housing Authority (Authority) entered into an Affordable Housing Agreement with East Carson II Housing Partners, L.P. (Developer) for development of a 45-unit workforce housing community on an approximately 1.0 acre Authority-owned property. This new project will serve as phase two to the East Carson Housing Partners, L.P. project at 425 E. Carson Street completed in June 2012.

The Authority's financial assistance for this project included a loan of \$3,320,000 for pre-development and construction costs and the property purchase price of \$1,565,446 for a total assistance amount of \$4,885,446. The total assistance amount was provided by a promissory note (Note) and secured by a Deed of Trust to be recorded at the time the Authority sells the property to Developer. The Note is to be repaid by Developer with residual receipts over a 55 year period, with interest accruing at 0.5% per annum. Any balance on the Note will be due and payable at the end of 55 years from issuance of certificate of occupancy. Closing for the property sale occurred in November 2013.

NOTE 15 HOUSING AUTHORITY COMMITMENTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

City View - 616 E. Carson St.

On February 17, 2011, the Agency and City View 616 East Carson, LLC (Developer) entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement to develop a mixed-use commercial/retail and residential development on a 9.57 acre Agency-owned property located at 616, 542, and 550 East Carson Street (Property). The Property was sold to the Developer on April 17, 2013 and the Developer has begun construction. At completion the project will consist of approximately 13,225 square feet of ground floor retail and 152 for-sale residential units. Fifteen percent of the residential units will be sold to buyers who meet income eligibility criteria.

Affirmed Housing Group - 21227 Figueroa St.

On March 1, 2011, the Carson Redevelopment Agency entered into a disposition and development agreement (DDA) with Affirmed Housing Group, Inc. (Developer) for the development of a 40-unit workforce housing community on Agency-owned property located at 21227 Figueroa Street (Property). Construction began immediately after closing and is expected to be completed in December 2013.

The Agency financial assistance for this project included a loan of \$2,855,000 for pre-development and construction costs and the property purchase price of \$1,345,000 for a total assistance amount of \$4,200,000 (Agency Assistance). The Agency Assistance is evidenced by a promissory note and secured by a Deed of Trust recorded on December 24, 2012. The Agency Assistance is to be repaid by Developer with residual receipts over a 55 year period, with interest accruing at 0.5% per annum (Note). Any balance on the Note is due and payable at the end of 55 years from issuance of certificate of occupancy.

The Olson Company - 2535-2569 E. Carson St.

On June 7, 2011, the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement with the Olson Company for the development of 12 affordable for sale single family homes for moderate-income households. Construction began in July of 2012 and was completed in December 2012. All units have been sold. The Agency contribution for the construction of the project was \$1,328,495. The Agency contribution is secured by a Deed of Trust and a Regulatory Agreement for each unit, which imposes affordability restrictions for 45 years from time of original sale of each unit. A \$35,000 Note is attached to each unit and is only due payable if a unit is sold during the 45 year covenant period to a non-qualified buyer at a non-affordable price.

City Ventures - 2666 Dominguez St.

The Housing Authority (Authority) entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with City Ventures (Developer) for the sale of the approximately 0.5-acre Authority-owned property located at 2671 Tyler Street. The sales price of the Property is \$238,000.00. The Developer will develop the Property as a for-sale single family detached, market rate residential project in accordance with the Property's land use and zoning regulations. The homes will be on fee simple lots. There will be no Authority assistance provided for this project. The sale is scheduled to close within one year from November 2013. The sales proceeds will be used to assist another Authority project known as Via 425 Phase II.

NOTE 15 HOUSING AUTHORITY COMMITMENTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concurrently with the sale the Property, the Authority will facilitate the sale, to the Developer, of a 1.0-acre parcel of contiguous land (Site) at 2666 Dominguez, owned by the City of Carson. The Site was the former Dominguez Trailer Park, which the City acquired with CDBG funds for an affordable housing development. The sales price of the Property is \$467,000. The Site and the Property will comprise land upon which the Developer will build their for-sale homes. The sales proceeds from the Site will also be used to assist the Authority project known as Via 425 Phase II.

Avalon Courtyard Senior Apartments

In July 1992, the Agency entered into a Disposition & Development Agreement (DDA) with Thomas Safran & Associates (Developer) for development and operation of an affordable senior citizen housing project (Project). Pursuant to the DDA, the Developer executed a promissory note for a loan in the amount of \$2,681,000 with a simple interest rate of 5%. The amount of Developer loan repayments is equal to 50% of the positive cash flow generated by the Project. As of June 30, 2012, the outstanding loans receivable from the Developer is \$2,681,000. Pursuant to the DDA, as amended, the Agency is also required to provide the Developer a rent subsidy in the amount of \$160,524 per year for 30 years following the date of the certificate of occupancy for the Project (or until August 1, 2025).

Carson Terrace, L.P.

In June 1999, the Agency entered into an Owner Participation Agreement (OPA) with Carson Terrace, L.P. (Developer) for development and operation of an affordable senior citizen housing project (Project). Pursuant to the OPA, the Developer executed a promissory note for a short-term construction loan in the amount of \$2,205,000 with a simple interest rate of 3%. Subsequently, the Developer executed a promissory note for a long- term loan with a 5% simple interest rate for the purpose of retiring the construction loan. An amendment dated December 15, 2000 increased the amount of the long-term loan to \$2,243,587. The amount of Developer loan repayments are equal to 50% of the positive cash flow generated by the Project. Pursuant to the OPA, the Agency is also required to provide the Developer a rent subsidy in the amount of \$73,320 per year for 30 years following the date of the certificate of occupancy issued in 2001 (until December 26, 2030).

NOTE 16 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The beginning balance of the City's Net Position in the government-wide Statement of Activities and the fund balance of the Housing Authority Fund were restated to reflect the adjustment to transfer the fund balance of the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Redevelopment Agency to the Housing Authority. The balances represent housing assets and unspent housing bond proceeds, which were approved for use in housing projects by the California Department of Finance.

		Carson Housing Authority
Fund Balance beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	25,050,929
Adjustment: Adjustment to transfer the fund balance of the former Low ar	nd	
Moderate Income Housing Fund to the Housing Authority	٠.	26,192,951
Fund Balance beginning of year, as restated	\$	51,243,880
		Government-wide Statement
		of Activities
Net Position, beginning of year, as previously reported Adjustment:	\$	of Activities 363,110,748
	·	
Adjustment:	·	

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES

The accompanying financial statements also include the Private-purpose Trust Fund for the Successor Agency to the City's former Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency). The City, as the Successor Agency, serves in a fiduciary capacity, as custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency. Its assets are held in trust for the benefit of the taxing entities within the former Redevelopment Agency's boundaries and as such, are not available for the use of the City.

Disclosures related to the certain assets and long-term liabilities of the Successor Agency are as follows:

Disclosure of Successor Agency Assets

Land Held for Resale

Account details as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Land held for resale - acquisition cost	\$	17,694,859
Less allowance for decline in value	_	(6,792,426)
Net amount	\$	10,902,433

Notes Receivable

Details of the Successor Agency's loans receivable as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Loans relative to development projects under

various disposition and development agreements	\$ 25,808,139
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(23,248,082)
Loans receivable, net	\$ 2,560,057

Because of the nature of various loans receivable in relation to development projects under various disposition and development agreements, the Successor Agency provides an allowance for uncollectibility against such loans. The Successor Agency reports such loans as program costs. The Successor Agency also discounted interest-free loans issued in relation to redevelopment agency projects.

Capital assets

Following is the summary of changes in capital assets of the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Beginning Balance, July 1, 2012	Inc	reases	_	Decreases/ Transfers		Ending Balance, June 30, 2013
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	42,412,145 \$	6	137,062	\$	-	\$	42,549,207
Machinery and equipment		134,823		-		-		134,823
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	42,546,968		137,062	_	-	-	42,684,030
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		(12,317,326)		(684,241)		-		(13,001,567)
Machinery and equipment		(106,161)		(1,172)		-		(107,333)
Total accumulated depreciation		(12,423,487)		(685,413)		-		(13,108,900)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	30,123,481		(548,351)	_	-		29,575,130
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress		21,227,342	3	,048,820		(137,062)		24,139,100
Total capital assets not being depreciated		21,227,342	3	,048,820	_	(137,062)	-	24,139,100
Capital assets, net	\$	51,350,823 \$	<u>2</u>	,500,469	\$	(137,062)	\$	53,714,230

Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance July 1, 2012		Increases	_	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2013		Due Within One Year	Due After One Year
Bonded debt - tax	_		_		_		_		_		
allocation bonds	\$	186,605,863	\$	-	\$	5,735,000	\$	180,870,863	\$	6,405,000 \$	174,465,863
Accreted interest		3,116,535		481,267		-		3,597,802		-	3,597,802
County deferred loans	_	2,568,710		-		-	_	2,568,710		642,178	1,926,532
	\$	192,291,108		481,267		5,735,000	_	187,037,375		7,047,178	179,990,197

Balance at June 30, 2013

Redevelopment Project Area 1:

2003B Tax Allocation Bonds

In December 2003, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$32,495,863 of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003B for Redevelopment Project Area No. 1 to fund redevelopment projects within the project area. The first principal installment was due on October 1, 2004; and then on October 1, 2017 annually thereafter ranging from \$466,575 to \$3,940,000 plus interest at 2.0% to 5.25% through October 2034. As of June 30, 2013, the reserve requirement for the bonds was \$1,402,083. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was \$1,402,083. Capital appreciation bonds of \$5,410,863 were issued as part of the bond issuance with maturity dates from October 1, 2023 through 2032. Prior to their applicable maturity dates, each capital appreciation bond will accrete interest on the principal component, with all interest accreting through the applicable maturity date and payable only upon the maturity or prior payment of the principal component. Accreted interest of \$3,597,802 has been reflected as long-term debt.

32,260,863

2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In January 2003, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$3,155,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 for Redevelopment Project Area No. 1 to partially advance refund outstanding 1992 series tax allocation bonds. Principal installments are due annually ranging from \$125,000 to \$215,000 plus interest at 2.0% to 5.25% through October 2016. The reserve for the bonds was fully funded in the form of a surety bond as of June 30, 2013.

1,700,000

Of the 2001 series proceeds, \$31,174,303 were used to purchase U.S. Government securities to advance refund a portion of the 1992 series and advance refund in full the 1993B series. Those securities were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on \$14,160,000 of the 1992 series and the entire outstanding balance of the 1993B series in the amount of \$15,000,000. As a result, the portion of the 1992 series and the entire 1993B series tax allocation bonds are considered to be defeased. The corresponding liabilities for the \$14,160,000 and \$15,000,000, respectively, have been removed from the statement of net position.

The reserve for the bonds was fully funded in the form of a surety bond as of June 30, 2013.

10,265,000

	Balance at June 30, 2013
2009A Tax Allocation Bonds On June 23, 2009, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$22,810,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2009A for Redevelopment Project Area No. 1 to fund redevelopment projects within the project area. Principal installments are due and begin October 1, 2010 annually ranging from \$290,000 to \$3,350,000 plus interest at 0.98% to 6.23% through October 2036. As of June 30, 2013, the reserve requirement for the bonds was \$2,071,911. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was \$2,071,911.	\$ 21,680,000
2009 Revenue Bonds In July 2009, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$12,165,000, of Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, for Redevelopment Project Area No.1 to fund redevelopment activities within the project area. Principal payments are due annually ranging from \$260,000 to \$375,000 plus interest at 3.75% to 5.5% through October 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2013, the reserve requirement for the bonds was \$990,837. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was \$990,837.	
Subtotal Redevelopment Project Area 1	\$ 12,165,000 78,070,863

Balance at June 30, 2013

Redevelopment Project Area 2:

2003A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In January 2003, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$18,500,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2003A for Redevelopment Project Area No. 2 to advance refund a portion of outstanding 1993 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. Principal installments are due annually ranging from \$470,000 to \$7,015,000 plus interest at 2.0% to 5.25% through October 2020. The reserve for the bonds was fully funded in the form of a surety bond as of June 30, 2013.

11,560,000

2003B Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In July 2003, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,195,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2003B for Redevelopment Project Area No. 2 to fully advance refund outstanding 1993 series tax allocation refunding bonds. Principal installments are due annually ranging from \$125,000 to \$290,000 plus interest at 2.5% through October 2023. The reserve for the bonds was fully funded in the form of a surety bond as of June 30, 2013.

2,655,000

2003C Tax Allocation Bonds

In December 2003, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$11,800,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003C for Redevelopment Project Area No. 2 to fund redevelopment activities within the project area. Principal installments are due annually ranging from \$440,000 to \$2,385,000 plus interest at 2.0% to 4.5% through October 2016. As of June 30, 2013, the reserve requirement for the bond was \$812,363. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was \$812,363.

8,320,000

2007A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In October 2007, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$16,845,000 of Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A for Redevelopment Project Area No. 2 to advance refund \$14,925,000 of the outstanding 2003D Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, establish a reserve account for the bonds and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. Principal installments are due annually ranging in amounts from \$105,000 to \$1,655,000 plus interest at 0.5% to 5.3% through January 1, 2036.

Of the 2007A series proceeds, \$16,361,635 were used to purchase U.S. Government securities to advance refund in full the 2003D series. Those securities were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the entire outstanding balance of \$14,925,000. As a result, the entire 2003D series tax allocation bonds are considered to be defeased and were removed from the statement of net position. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$611,384 and a reduction of total debt service payments of \$98,889. As of June 30, 2013, the reserve requirement for the bonds was \$1,459,134. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was

16,510,000

Balance at June 30, 2013

Subtotal Redevelopment Project Area 2

39,045,000

Redevelopment Project Area 4:

2006 Tax Allocation Bonds

\$1,501,267.

In December 2006, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$28,000,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2006 for Redevelopment Project Area No. 4 to fund redevelopment projects within the project area. Principal installments are due and begin October 1, 2007 annually ranging from \$385,000 to \$1,485,000 plus interest at 3.5% to 4.25% through October 2041. The reserve requirement for the bonds was satisfied in the form of a surety bond as of June 30, 2013.

25,305,000

Subtotal Redevelopment Project Area 4

25,305,000

Low and Moderate Income Housing:

2010A-T Tax Allocation Housing Bonds

In October 2010, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$14,940,000 of Tax Allocation Housing Bonds Series 2010A-T to fund low and moderate income housing projects. Principal installments are due annually beginning on October 1, 2011 with interest rates ranging from 1.725% to 5.8%. The reserve requirement for the bonds was fully funded as of June 30, 2013. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was \$895,843.

12,830,000

Balance at June 30, 2013

2010A Tax Allocation Housing Bonds

In October 2010, the Carson Redevelopment Agency issued \$25,620,000 of Tax Allocation Housing Bonds Series 2010A to fund low and moderate income housing projects. Principal installments are due annually beginning on October 1, 2011 with interest rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.35%. The reserve requirement for the bonds was fully funded as of June 30, 2013. The balance in the reserve account as of June 30, 2013 was \$2,376,873.

\$ 25,620,000

Subtotal Low and Moderate Income Housing

38,450,000

Total Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds Payable

180,870,863

Debt Service Requirements To Maturity

The following schedule summarizes the debt service to maturity requirements for bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013:

	Proje	ct Are	a 1		Proje	ct A	rea 1	Project Area 1						
	2003 B T	ax All	ocation		2003 Ta	ax A	llocation		2001 Tax All	loca	ation			
Year	 Refund	ing B	onds	_	Refund	ding	Bonds	Refunding Bonds						
Ending June 30,	 Principal	-	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	-	Principal		nterest			
2014	\$ -	\$	1,392,213	\$	160,000	\$	71,444	\$	2,365,000 \$, 4	199,538			
2015	-		1,392,213		165,000		65,144		2,490,000	3	366,025			
2016	-		1,392,213		170,000		58,338		2,635,000	2	225,088			
2017	-		1,392,213		180,000		51,119		2,775,000		76,313			
2018	2,875,000		1,316,744		185,000		43,128		-		-			
2019-2023	17,010,000		4,809,932		840,000		80,013		-		-			
2024-2028	4,984,565		7,889,046		-		-		-		-			
2029-2033	2,631,298		9,293,772		-		-		-		-			
2034-2038	4,760,000		241,000		-		-		-		-			
Total	\$ 32,260,863	\$	29,119,343	\$_	1,700,000	\$	369,184 \$		10,265,000 \$	1,	166,963			

	 Projec				Proje	ct A	Area 1
	2009A Ta	ax All	ocation		2009	Re	venue
Year	Refund	ing B	onds	_	В	onc	ds
Ending							
June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2014	\$ 405,000	\$	1,396,675	\$	260,000	\$	722,175
2015	430,000		1,377,350		270,000		711,563
2016	445,000		1,356,013		285,000		699,769
2017	470,000		1,332,550		295,000		687,075
2018	545,000		1,305,225		310,000		672,688
2019-2023	3,270,000		5,978,975		1,795,000		3,099,544
2024-2028	6,550,000		3,942,556		2,365,000		2,507,894
2029-2033	2,055,000		3,008,425		3,195,000		1,643,006
2034-2038	7,510,000		1,441,650	_	3,390,000		457,925
Total	\$ 21,680,000	\$	21,139,419	\$	12,165,000	\$	11,201,638

Debt Service Requirements To Maturity

		Projec	ct Aı	rea 2	_	Proje	ct A	Area 2	Project Area 2			ea 2
Year				Allocation	_	2003B Tax Allocation				2003C Tax		
Ending	_	Refund	ing	DONUS	-	Refunding Bonds				Refundin	ıy E	bonus
June 30,		Principal		Interest	-	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2014	\$	840,000	\$	529,750	\$	200,000	\$	101,831	\$	435,000	\$	364,924
2015		870,000		496,600		205,000		94,744		460,000	`	347,599
2016		905,000		458,838		215,000		87,259		475,000		329,771
2017		945,000		418,984		220,000		79,375		495,000		310,668
2018		985,000		379,178		230,000		71,075		510,000		290,249
2019-2023		5,695,000		1,083,081		1,295,000		203,381		2,900,000		1,094,970
2024		1,320,000		33,000	_	290,000		6,163		3,045,000	_	195,375
	\$	11,560,000	\$	3,399,431	\$	2,655,000	\$	643,828	\$	8,320,000	\$	2,933,554

	Projec	ct Ar	ea 2		Projec	t A	rea 4				
	2007A T	ax A	Allocation		2006 Tax	ίAl	location				
Year	Refund	ing l	Bonds		Bo	ond	s				
Ending				-							
June 30,	 Principal	_	Interest	erest Principal Interes							
2014	\$ 125,000	\$	751,700	\$	475,000	\$	1,063,748				
2015	125,000		746,700		495,000		1,044,348				
2016	130,000	741,700			510,000		1,024,885				
2017	135,000		736,500		535,000	1,005,960					
2018	145,000		731,100		550,000		986,698				
2019-2023	800,000		3,564,488		3,085,000		4,599,534				
2024-2028	3,695,000		3,258,781		3,750,000		3,914,043				
2029-2033	6,610,000		2,063,388		4,620,000		3,018,031				
2034-2038	4,745,000		457,663		5,725,000		1,890,266				
2039-2042	-		-		5,560,000		513,313				
Total	\$ 16,510,000	\$	13,052,019	\$	25,305,000	\$	19,060,824				

	Lo	w-and-Moderate Ir 2010 A-T Tax		L	ow-and-Moderate. 2010 A Tax						
Year		Housing Bo			Housing Bonds						
Ending		riodollig De	31140	_	r locating i	301100					
June 30,		Principal	Interest	_	Principal	Interest					
	Φ										
2014	\$	1,140,000 \$	625,938	\$	- \$	1,294,063					
2015		1,375,000	569,212		-	1,294,063					
2016		1,440,000	505,720		-	1,294,063					
2017		1,505,000	439,295		-	1,294,063					
2018		1,570,000	362,175		-	1,294,063					
2019-2023		5,800,000	549,450		3,430,000	6,330,506					
2024-2028		-	-		9,005,000	4,417,000					
2029-2033		-	-		6,620,000	2,611,856					
2034-2038	_	<u> </u>		_	6,565,000	705,731					
Total	\$	12,830,000 \$	3,051,790	\$	25,620,000 \$	20,535,406					

The above outstanding debt issuances are collateralized by pledged tax increment revenue. The term of the commitment of pledged revenues and the purposes for which the proceeds of these debt issuances were utilized are disclosed in the debt descriptions provided herein. The amount of the remaining commitment of the pledge is equal to the amount of the remaining debt service to maturity of the related debt issuances as disclosed above.

As discussed above, certain bond reserve requirements were satisfied through surety bonds issued by MBIA Insurance Corporation, currently named National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation (NPFGC). In November 2012, Moody's Investors Service downgraded NPFGC's financial strength rating from "B3" to "Caa1" with developing outlook. The downgrade reflected the NPFGC's weak liquidity position and other factors.

County Deferred Loans

The former Carson Redevelopment Agency, the County of Los Angeles, and the Consolidated Fire Protection District entered into an Agreement of Reimbursement of Tax Increment Funds on February 15, 1983, upon the authority of Health and Safety Code Section 33401 and the provisions of Amendment No. 6 to the Carson Redevelopment Plan for the Project Area No. 2 (the "Project") as required by Health and Safety Code Section 33338.1, whereby the County agreed to loan tax increment up to \$200,000 annually not to exceed \$8 million dollars for the project.

As of June 30, 2013, the cumulative deferred loan balance payable to the County of Los Angles was \$2,568,710.

Disclosure Of Successor Agency Commitments Under Development Agreements

Altmanshofer Family Trust

On June 19, 2001, the Carson Redevelopment Agency (Agency) entered into an agreement with David John Altmanshofer and Marlene Clare Altmanshofer, as trustees of the Altmanshofer Family Trust (Developer) to fund the acquisition and construction of property in the amount of \$1,685,000. Of the total amount, the forgivable loan of \$635,000 bears interest at 6% and is due July 15, 2012. The loan will be forgiven in an amount equal to 50% of incremental annual sales tax generated above the amount of \$65,000. The non-forgivable amount of \$1,050,000 bears annual interest of 6% and was due on July 15, 2009.

Because of the economic downturn, on July 1, 2009, the Agency agreed to extend the loan terms and reduced the interest rates. The interest rates for the nonforgivable and the forgivable loans were reduced from 6% to 3% and will be due on July 15, 2016. The Developer went out of business during the latter part of fiscal year 2010-2011. Accordingly, 100% allowance for uncollectible accounts was provided on the loans outstanding as of June 30, 2012.

When the owner defaulted on the Agency's loan, as well as two other loans with two different banks, in accordance with the terms of the Agency's loan agreement with the owner, the Agency foreclosed on the property. To do so, the Agency also had to acquire the other two bank loans first, which it did. At that point the property becomes a Successor Agency property, and acquisition of the property was in keeping with the law to maintain the value of such properties prior to disposing of them. Because the property is along the I-405 freeway it is well suited for operation as an auto dealership. A local KIA automobile dealership asked to purchase the site from the Agency at fair market value and the Agency sold the property to the dealership for the appraised fair market value in September 2012. The dealership, Car Pros, will transition its operation from its existing off-freeway location to the new site, which should substantially increase its exposure and sales.

Carson Real Estate Leasing, LLC

On May 18, 2004, the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with the Carson Real Estate Leasing, LLC, a California limited liability company (Developer), for the development of approximately 92,000 square feet of a new and used car sales facility in the Merged and Amended Project Area. The Agency agreed to sell the land to the Developer for a total purchase price of \$8,581,718. The purchase price consists of a \$4,666,848 cash payment and a promissory note of \$3,914,870 - the Agency's subsidy to the project. The term shall be for 20 years with an option to extend for an additional five years. Each year, an amount equal to 50% of the sales tax generated from the site in excess of the average sales tax amount generated in year 2001-2003 shall be credited towards the payment of the principal amount and any interest accrued. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of the loan from this developer is \$3,625,951.

BP West Coast Products, LLC/Tesoro Corporation

On November 15, 2005, the Agency entered into an agreement with BP West Coast Products, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (Developer), for development of a new office/business park campus of up to 280,000 square feet in potentially three different phases. The first phase consisted of an office building of approximately 125,000 square feet.

The Agency agreed to sell the 4.5 acre development parcel, located at 2254 E. 223rd Street, to the Developer for the sum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a note amount equal to \$2,960,000 (Note). Each year, seventy-five percent (75%) of the site tax increment is credited against any amounts outstanding under the Note. The term is for 15 years and simple interest accrues at two (2) percent per annum. As of April 16, 2013, the balance on the Note was \$2,237,267.

On June 1, 2013, the Developer sold the property and transferred all rights and responsibilities under the Note to Tesoro Corporation.

501 Albertoni, LLC - University Village

On May 16, 2006, the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with 501 Albertoni, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (Developer), for development of retail space as follows: new commercial retail center of approximately 40.000 square feet, a 6.500 square feet freestanding El Pescador restaurant, and an additional 33,500 square feet of commercial space. The Agency agreed to sell the land to the Developer in the amount of \$3,049,200. Upon the close of escrow, the Developer made a cash payment of \$750,000 to the Agency. A promissory note and deed of trust was issued for the remaining \$2,299,200. After the completion of the project, \$799,000 was forgiven. Repayment of the remaining \$1,500,000 is tied to the operation of the El Pescador restaurant - each year the restaurant is in operation, the amount of the note will be reduced by 20%. On January 31, 2008, the Agency sold the property to 501 Albertoni, LLC. A dispute arose over the meaning of Attachment No. 9 to the DDA entitled "Purchase Price Adjustment" and whether Developer was required to pay the Agency an additional purchase price of \$586,654. On April 6, 2010, both parties entered into a settlement agreement whereby the Developer agreed to pay \$400,000 in full consideration. Payment of the settlement was agreed as follows: \$50,000 to be paid in the form of a certified check and \$350,000 in the form of an unsecured promissory note at an interest rate of 3% per year. Specifically, the Developer is required to make an interest payment of \$2,625 per quarter for 10 years commencing on June 30, 2010 with the \$350,000 balance due at the earlier of March 20, 2020 or the date of the sale of the property. As of June 30, 2013, the balance of the loan from this developer is \$950.000.

Carson Marketplace, LLC

On July 25, 2006, the Agency entered into an Owner Participation Agreement (OPA) with Carson Marketplace LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, to effectuate the redevelopment plan for Redevelopment Project Area No. 1 by providing for public improvements and the remediation of the 157-acre portion of the total 168-acre property. Under the OPA, the Agency is committed to providing \$110 million in public financial assistance. In addition, the Agency committed to finance the improvements to the I-405/Avalon Boulevard on-off ramp system. Participant is obligated to contribute \$25 million toward this project. Total financial assistance granted to the Developer as of June 30, 2013 amounted to \$69.5 million.

The Gateway at City Center - 720 E. Carson St. & the Renaissance at City Center - 21800 S. Avalon

On March 18, 2008, the Agency entered into three separate agreements with Thomas Safran (Developer), for a mixed-use development with two major components: an affordable senior housing component and a commercial component. This large scale development is located on a 4.5 acre site at the southeast corner of Carson Street and Avalon Boulevard.

On April 7, 2009, the Agency entered into an Owner Participation Agreement (OPA) with the Developer to develop a mixed-use project that includes 85 units of affordable senior rental housing plus one market-rate manager's unit, approximately 10,000 square foot of commercial space, and underground and surface-level parking (Phase I). On May 3, 2010, the Agency provided \$13,900,000 in financial assistance in the form of an interest-free for the senior housing component. Phase I was completed in April 2011.

On June 1, 2010, the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with Thomas Safran & Associates, Inc. and Carson City Center South LLC (Developer) for Phase II, a mixed-used project consisting of 150 new market-rate rental housing units, and approximately 25,000 square feet of commercial space, including subterranean and surface parking. The Agency sold three parcels to the developer immediately adjacent to the site for \$2,340,000 (fair market value). The Agency-owned properties together with the Developer's properties constitute the full development site.

On July 29, 2010, the Agency provided \$7,500,000 in financial assistance in the form of a grant to assist with the commercial component of the project.

The term is 55 years. On the anniversary of the certificate of occupancy date, 1/55 of the principal shall be credited. As of June 30, 2013, the certificate has not been issued.

WIN Chevrolet, Properties, LLC - 2201 E. 223rd St.

On April 21, 2009, the Agency approved the purchase of the C-P Land Company (Developer) property at 2201 E. 223rd Street (Property). The Agency then leased Property to the Cormier Chevrolet Company (Dealership) at the same address. In November 2011, after entering into a partnership with the Win Company (Win) with Win as majority interest partner, the Dealership exercised its repurchase rights of the Property under the DDA. The Agency sold the Property to the partnership, which renamed the new dealership Win Chevrolet. The Property was sold for \$12,000,000; there was a \$5,000,000 cash payment and a performance promissory note (Note) of \$7,000,000 was carried back by the Agency. The Note amount will be reduced at a rate of 1/20 of the original principal balance each year that the dealership operates in compliance with the 20-year operating covenant. If the new dealership ceases to operate, WIN Chevrolet will owe the balance of the Note.

A second note of \$500,000 is tied to the upgrade of the existing dealership to build a new Hyundai vehicle showroom. The loan is forgivable if the showroom is completed within 5 years of the effective date of the DDA. The expected completion date is no later than December 2016. As of June 30, 2013, WIN Chevrolet has a loan balance of \$7,150,000.

Hilland - Nissan Real Estate - 1505 E. 223rd St.

On July 6, 2010, the Agency and Hilland Nissan (Owner) entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement pursuant to which the Agency provided the Owner with \$3,000,000 of financial assistance to facilitate the Owner's long-term operation of a new Nissan dealership at the property located at 1505 E. 223rd St., pursuant to the terms of the DDA. The Agency provided the Owner with a \$3 million loan backed by a performance promissory note (Note), secured by a deed of trust on the Site. Principal due on the 15-year Note is reduced annually by an amount equal to 50% of the sales tax generated above a threshold gross sales amount defined in the Note. As of June 30, 2013, the loan balance is \$2,634,864.

NOTE 18 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The beginning net position balance of the Successor Agency was restated as follows:

Net Position beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	2,971,740
Adjustments:		
Adjustment to write off the balance of bond issuance cost to comply		
with GASB Statement No. 65		(2,381,163)
Adjustment to transfer the fund balance of the former Low and Moderate		
Income Housing Fund to the Housing Authority		(26,192,952)
Adjustment to record the County Deferral Loan		(2,568,710)
Adjustment to record the cumulative accreted interest on capital		
appreciation bonds	_	(3,116,535)
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	(31,287,620)

NOTE 19 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2013 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through December 30, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no subsequent events occurred that require recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources that are not restricted as to their use or required to be accounted for in another fund. These resources include sales and use tax, franchise taxes, business license fees, building permits, interest on investments, fines and forfeitures, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenues.

General Fund resources are used to finance the general governmental operations of the City of Carson. The city workgroups that are listed below are supported by the General Fund. The list likewise shows the services that each workgroup provides.

City Council

Local legislative policy

City Attorney

Legal advisor to City Council and departments Preparations of resolutions and

ordinances Contract review Litigation

City Clerk

Records management Preparation of agendas and minutes Codification of municipal code Elections

City Treasurer

Investments Cash management Cashiering

Community Development

Employment development Busness development Successor Agency Housing Authority Housing and neighborhood development Planning Building and safety

Administrative Services

Revenue collection Business license **Budget preparation** Financial reporting Grants accounting Accounts payable Payroll

Purchasing

Reproduction and mail services Warehouse operations Information technology

Community Services

Parks and recreation Special events Sherriff's contract

Code enforcement and compliance

Security services Youth services

Safety and emergency services

Pedestrian safety Senior services Fine Arts Transportation Community center

City Manager

Implementation of City Council policies Intergovernmental relations Public information Human resources Recruitment/training Worker's compensation Risk assessment and management

Public Works

General engineering Contract administration Construction engineering

Public works

Street and parkway maintenance Vehicle and equipment maintenance Median and tree maintenance Waste management

Environmental

Building and landscape maintenance

Non-Departmental

Retiree health insurance Program support

								Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete	ed A	Amounts	_			Positive
		Original	_ ,	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Taxes								
Sales and use tax	6	19,900,000	\$	19,900,000	\$	25,187,734	\$	5,287,734
Franchise tax		7,713,650		7,713,650		7,090,887		(622,763)
Property tax allocation from state		16,073,000		16,073,000		15,611,394		(461,606)
Transient occupancy tax		1,275,000		1,275,000		1,462,174		187,174
Utility Users tax		8,125,000		7,495,997		(629,003)		
Real property transfer tax		215,000		215,000		728,221		513,221
Admissions tax		345,000		345,000		463,116	_	118,116
Total taxes	_	53,646,650		53,646,650		58,039,523		4,392,873
Licenses and permits								
Business licenses		2,500,000		2,500,000		2,628,905		128,905
Building permits		2,325,000		2,325,000		2,379,027		54,027
Other licenses and permits		632,550		632,550		725,267		92,717
Total licenses and permits	_	5,457,550		5,457,550		5,733,199	_	275,649
Fines, forfeitures and property:								
Traffic and parking fines		1,325,000		1,325,000		1,576,088		251,088
Other fines, forfeitures and penalties		292,000		292,000		314,213		22,213
Total fines, forfeitures and penalties	_	1,617,000	-	1,617,000		1,890,301	· -	273,301
Use of money and property:								
Interest on investments		250,000		250,000		240,027		(9,973)
Rents and commissions		317,750		317,750		398,656		80,906
Community Center revenue		812,500		812,500		622,792		(189,708)
Total use of money and property	_	1,380,250		1,380,250		1,261,475		(118,775)
latana a cana a artal.								
Intergovernmental: Motor vehicle licenses		250,000		250,000		50,405		(100 505)
				•				(199,595)
Other intergovernmental		272,036 522,036		277,036		67,635 118,040	-	(209,401)
Total intergovernmental	_	522,036		527,036		110,040	-	(408,996)
Charges for services:								
Planning and public works		402,400		402,400		405,097		2,697
Recreation		1,280,152		1,280,152		1,297,848		17,696
Other service charges		523,900		523,900	420,029		(103,871)	
Total charges for services	_	2,206,452	-	2,206,452		2,122,974	_	(83,478)
Other revenues		952,500		1,036,260		3,987,743		2,951,483
Total General Fund revenues \$	5_	65,782,438	\$	65,871,198	\$	73,153,255	\$	7,282,057

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A	mounts		Positive
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General Government:				
City Council \$	753,875 \$	781,671 \$	645,730 \$	135,941
City Attorney	1,266,000	1,266,000	977,224	288,776
Non Departmental	5,844,837	8,249,563	7,812,068	437,495
City Clerk	898,238	898,238	774,054	124,184
City Treasurer	716,999	716,999	735,548	(18,549)
City Manager	3,315,063	3,351,275	3,201,957	149,318
Administrative Services	6,245,506	6,275,841	5,973,593	302,248
Total General Government	19,040,518	21,539,587	20,120,174	1,419,413
				_
Community Development	1,371,090	1,437,600	3,889,965	(2,452,365)
Public Works	15,696,358	15,991,038	13,211,613	2,779,425
Community Services	29,740,452	30,347,153	29,249,568	1,097,585
Subtotal current expenditures	65,848,418	69,315,378	66,471,320	2,844,058
Capital Improvement Program	508,429	757,488	407,452	350,036
Net General Fund expenditures \$	66,356,847 \$	70,072,866 \$	66,878,772 \$	3,194,094

	Bud	geted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	_			
Taxes	\$	- \$	2,907,469	2,907,469
Use of money and property		3,020,286	231,595	(2,788,691)
Miscellaneous	_	603,090	165,915	(437,175)
Total revenues		3,623,376	3,304,979	(318,397)
Expenditures Current:				
Community development	\$_	13,863,121	5 17,803,117	\$ (3,939,996)
Total expenditures	_	13,863,121	17,803,117	(3,939,996)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditure		(10,239,745)	(14,498,138)	4,258,393
Other financing sources Transfers in	_	103,072		103,072
Change in fund balance	=	(10,136,673)	(14,498,138)	4,361,465
Fund balances, beginning of year			51,243,880	
Fund balances, beginning of year			36,745,742	

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Miscellaneous</u> (California Public Employees' Retirement System)

	Entry Age		Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Normal	Actuarial	Liability/		Annual	Percentage
Valuation	Accrued	Value	(Excess	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Liability	of Assets	Assets)	Status	Payroll	Payroll
6/30/2010 \$	175,896,151 \$	133,535,154 \$	42,360,997	75.9% \$	27,107,068	156.3%
6/30/2011	190,199,074	142,496,715	47,702,359	74.9%	25,455,297	187.4%
6/30/2012	198,662,253	150,707,176	47,955,077	75.9%	24,309,612	197.3%

^{*}UAAL refers to unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Postemployment Benefit Plan

		Actuarial		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded				UAAL as a % of
Actuarial		Value of		(AAL) Entry	AAL	Funded		Covered	Covered
Valuation		Assets *		Age	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	_	(a)	_	(b)	 (b-a)	(a/b)	_	(c)	(c)/(b-a)
7/1/2009	\$	-	\$	47,691,008	\$ 47,691,008	0.0%	\$	27,230,503	175.1%
7/1/2010		-		50,765,291	50,765,291	0.0%		27,107,068	187.3%
7/1/2011		-		48,138,659	48,138,659	0.0%		25,455,297	189.1%

^{*} The City has made a contribution to California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) of \$3,384,670 during the fiscal year 2011-2012 and \$3,404,726 during the fiscal year 2012-2013.

Budgetary Control and Accounting

The following procedures are utilized by the City in formulating its annual budget:

- Early in the calendar year, the Directors prepare estimates of required appropriations for the following fiscal year. These estimates are compiled into a proposed operating budget.
- The City Manager submits the proposed budget to the City Council for the subsequent fiscal year. The operating budget includes both the sources and types of funds for the proposed expenditures. The City Council and staff meet in budget workshops in order to relate requests with available resources.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments on the proposed budget being adopted. Pursuant to provisions of the Carson Municipal Code, the General Fund budget must be adopted no later than July 20 of the new fiscal year. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revision that alters the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The budget is generally amended during the fiscal year to reflect adjustments, as authorized by the City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
 Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts are recorded during the year as encumbrances in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are treated as a reservation of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.
- It is the practice of the City to give Finance staff some discretion with respect to budget amounts for year-end purposes.

Budgeted amounts are reported on the same basis of accounting as the fund types they relate to (modified-accrual) and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All unexpended appropriations expire at year-end and if warranted are reappropriated in the next budget cycle. Annual budgets are prepared for all governmental fund types expected to have activity during the fiscal year.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for a particular purpose. All the Special Revenue funds of the City are nonmajor governmental funds.

The **Asset Forfeiture Fund** accounts for funds accumulated through seizure and forfeiture of properties, which are then used to supplement funds for public safety services.

The **State Gas Tax Fund** accounts for revenues apportioned under the Streets and Highway Code of the State of California. These funds can be expended for any street-related purpose.

The **TDA Article 3 Fund** accounts for Transportation Development Act grant monies received for building or improving bicycle paths and handicapped accesses.

The **Proposition A Local Return Fund** is used to account for the City's share of an additional one-half cent sales tax, which was approved by the electorate in November 1980. These funds must be used for local transportation programs.

The **Proposition C Local Return Fund** is used to account for the City's share of an additional one-half cent sales tax, which was approved by the electorate in November 1990. These funds must be used for local transportation programs.

The **Measure R Fund** is used to account for the City's share of an additional half-cent sales tax that became effective on July 1, 2009. The fund is used for transportation and highway projects.

The **Air Quality Improvement Fund** accounts for revenues and expenditures for clean air measures authorized by AB2766, which increased motor vehicle registration fees.

The **Self-Supporting Fund** accounts for the self-sustaining programs of the City.

The **Capital Asset Replacement Fund** is used to finance and account for the on-going replacement of the City's stock of vehicles, heavy equipment, specialized equipment, and office furniture and equipment. It is also used to renovate and construct City building and park facilities.

The **Restricted Administrative Tow Fee Fund** represents the \$56 out of the \$175 collected for administering the City's towing program, which is being exclusively used to address the public safety and code enforcement issues in the City.

The **Youth Services Program Fund** accounts for funds related to the implementation of the following youth services program: (a) Parent Project (b) Positive Choices (c) Anger Management (d) Youth and the Law and (e) Community Services.

The **Metropolitan Water District Fund** accounts for the funding of the water management equipment to upgrade the City's irrigation systems.

The MTA Call for Project Fund accounts for the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA) Call-for-Project programs. The fund is used to improve all modes of surface transportation.

The **Parks and Recreation Funds** are used to account for capital improvements at City parks and recreation facilities. Included in this category is the Park Development Fund, which accounts for monies used to implement capital improvements to various parks and the Los Angeles County Park District Grant Fund. The State CIP Grants Fund accounts for all grants received from the State to fund the non-recurring CIP projects of the city.

The **State Grant Funds** represent six funds used for specific community programs. The Beverage Container Recycling Fund is used for the effective disposal of recyclable containers while preserving the environment. The State COPS Grant Fund is used to provide a Community Oriented Policing program. The Used Oil State Grant Fund is used to increase public awareness of the benefits of recycling oil. The State Local Transportation Fund accounts for a variety of state transportation grant. The Proposition 1B passed in 2006, is also dedicated to the reduction of traffic congestion and increase in traffic safety.

The Federal Grant Funds account for six types of federal grant monies. The OJP/JAG Assistance Grant Fund accounts for monies required to be expended for public safety services that include antigang and community crime prevention activities. The Family Support Grant Fund provides funds for a Youth Enrichment Scholarship Program available to children ages 17 and under, who are local area residents and are in financial need. The Housing and Community Development Fund accounts for funds used for a variety of projects and programs primarily benefiting low-income residents. These funds were originally authorized under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 and their expenditure is approved by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Federal Highway Planning Grant Fund accounts for federal monies passed through the State of California Department of Transportation to local cities for the construction and repair of inter-connected Interstate highways and other public roads important to interstate commerce and travel. The Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Grant Fund provides assistance for youth employment, training efforts, and dislocated worker support services. The Neighborhood Stabilization Program Grant Fund accounts for monies received for the purpose of stabilizing communities that have suffered from foreclosures and abandonment. This grant was authorized under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA).



ACCETC	Asset Forfeiture Fund		State Gas Tax Fund	_	TDA Article 3 Fund
ASSETS		Φ	000 000	ው	74 000
Cash and investments	6,003	Ф	600,000	Ф	71,832
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-		-		-
Receivables:					
Accounts	-		9,533		-
Interest-other	-		-		-
Due from other funds	-		-		-
Due from Successor Agency			6,332		-
Due from governmental agencies			187,806		
Total assets S	6,003	_\$_	803,671	\$_	71,832
LIABILITIES		Φ	204 000	Φ.	50,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	\$	281,668	Ф	50,000
Accrued payroll	-		-		-
Due to other funds	-		365,577		-
Due to Successor Agency	-		-		-
Retentions payable	-		20,455		-
Deferred revenue			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total liabilities			667,700		50,000
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
Restricted	6,003		135,971		21,832
Assigned	-,		-		_ · , · · • -
Unassigned	_		_		_
Total fund balances	6,003		135,971	-	21,832
Total liabilities and fund balances		- \$ -	803,671	\$	71,832
rotal habilition and raila balances		= ~ =	000,071	: * =	,002

	Proposition A Local Return Fund	Proposition C Local Return Fund	Measure R Fund	Air Quality Improvement Fund	Self- Supporting Fund	Capital Asset Replacement Fund
\$	1,095,508 \$	296,828	2,027,188 \$	94,005	\$ 9,396 \$	1,016,045
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	23,410	-		-	-
	-	-	1,814			
	21,303			29,005		
\$	<u>1,116,811</u> \$	320,238	2,029,002 \$	123,010	\$ \$	1,016,045
\$	144,743 \$	88,794	121,844 \$	2,963	\$ 35,764 \$	938
•	4,416	2,776	729	1,146	55,399	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	0	-	-	-
	149,159	91,570	122,573	4,109	91,163	938
	967,652	228,668	1,906,429	118,901	-	_
	-	-	-	-	-	1,015,107
			<u> </u>		(81,767)	
	967,652	228,668	1,906,429	118,901	(81,767)	1,015,107
\$	1,116,811 \$	320,238	2,029,002 \$	123,010	\$ 9,396 \$	1,016,045

	_	Restricted Administrative Tow Fee Fund		Youth Services Program Fund	Metropolitan Water District Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	21,054	\$	45,672	\$ -
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		-		-	-
Receivables:					
Accounts		-		-	-
Interest-other		-		-	-
Due from other funds		-		-	-
Due from Successor Agency					-
Due from governmental agencies	. –	9,016	—	<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$ \$ _	30,070	.\$_	45,672	\$ <u>-</u> _
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	20	\$	39	\$ -
Accrued payroll		-		-	-
Due to other funds		-		-	-
Due to Successor Agency		-		-	-
Retentions payable		-		-	-
Deferred revenue	_	-			
Total liabilities		20		39	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
Restricted		30,050		45,633	-
Assigned		-		-	-
Unassigned	_	-	_		
Total fund balances	_	30,050		45,633	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ \$ _	30,070	.\$_	45,672	\$ <u> </u>

 MTA Call for Projects Fund		Parks and Recreation Funds	 State Grant Funds	Grant Grant		 Totals
\$ 1,119,900	\$	941,330	\$ 255,602	\$	490,231	\$ 8,090,594
-		-	-		-	-
						-
-		-	-		-	9,533
-		-	-		181,121	181,121
-		-	-		15,550	38,960
-		-	-		134,708	142,854
 216,768		-	 138,085		258,208	 860,191
1,336,668	\$	941,330	\$ 393,687	\$	1,079,818	\$ 9,323,253
\$ -	\$	75,508	\$ 57,073	\$	147,809	\$ 1,007,163
_		3,515	-		9,458	77,439
23,410		-	37,360		211,424	637,771
1,254,220		-	-		_	1,254,220
-		1,875	-		-	22,330
-	_	-	 8,964	_	176,000	 184,964
1,277,630		80,898	 103,397		544,691	 3,183,887
59,038		860,432	290,290		535,127	5,206,026
-		-	-		-	1,015,107
 -		-	 -		-	 (81,767)
 59,038		860,432	 290,290		535,127	 6,139,366
1,336,668	\$	941,330	\$ 393,687	\$	1,079,818	\$ 9,323,253

ASSETS		Park Development Fund	LA County Park District Fund	 State CIP Grants Fund	Totals
Cash and investments	\$	816,839 \$	124,491	\$ - \$	941,330
Total assets	\$	816,839 \$	124,491	\$ <u> </u>	941,330
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll Retentions payable Total liabilities	\$	17,311 \$ - - 17,311	22,572 3,515 - 26,087	\$ 35,625 \$ - \$ 1,875 37,500	75,508 3,515 1,875 80,898
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		799,528	98,404	 (37,500)	860,432
Total fund balances	5	799,528	98,404	 (37,500)	860,432
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	816,839 \$	124,491	\$ - \$	941,330

	Beverage Container Recycling Fund	C	State COPS Grant Fund	Used Oil State Grant Fund	-	State Local Transportation Fund	 Proposition 1B Fund		Totals
ASSETS									
Cash and investments \$	62,515	\$	125,414	\$ 29,196	\$	3,000	\$ 35,477	\$	255,602
Due from governmental agencies	24,802		23,055		_	90,228	 -	_	138,085
Total assets \$	87,317	\$_	148,469	\$ 29,196	\$	93,228	\$ 35,477	\$_	393,687
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ Due to other funds Retentions payable Deferred revenue Total liabilities	400 - - - 400	\$	17,000 S	\$ 4,196 - - - - 4,196	-	37,360 - 8,964 46,324	35,477 - - - - 35,477	\$	57,073 37,360 - 8,964 103,397
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)									
Restricted	86,917		131,469	25,000		46,904	-		290,290
Total fund balances	86,917	_	131,469	25,000	-	46,904	-	_	290,290
Total liabilities and fund balances		_			-			_	,
\$	87,317	\$	148,469	\$ 29,196	\$	93,228	\$ 35,477	\$_	393,687

		Department of Justice/ OJP Grant Fund	<u> </u>	Family Support Grant Fund	<u> </u>	Housing and Community Development Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	7,307	\$	172,568
Receivables:						
Loans, interest and other		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		3,619
Due from Successor Agency		-		-		-
Due from governmental agencies		17,000		20,984		188,659
Total assets	\$	17,000	\$	28,291	\$	364,846
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	4,040	\$	141,205
Accrued payroll	Ψ	_	Ψ	-,0-0	Ψ	3,273
Due to other funds		17,000		_		12,300
Deferred revenue				_		-
Total liabilities		17,000	-	4,040		156,778
			-	,- ,-		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Restricted		-		24,251		208,068
Total fund balances		-	_	24,251		208,068
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	17,000	\$	28,291	\$	364,846

	Federal Highway Planning Grant Fund		WIA Grant Fund		Neighborhood Stabilization Grant Fund		Totals
\$	-	\$	-	\$	310,356	\$	490,231
	- 11,931 134,708		11,000		170,121 -		181,121 15,550 134,708
\$	146,639	\$	31,565 42,565	\$	480,477	\$	258,208 1,079,818
`=	,	• •	<u> </u>	• •	,	= · ·	
\$	-	\$	1,461	\$	1,103	\$	147,809
	-		5,519		666		9,458
	146,639		35,485		-		211,424
	-		11,000		165,000		176,000
	146,639		53,465		166,769		544,691
			(10,900)		313,708		535,127
	-		(10,900)		313,708		535,127
\$	146,639	\$	42,565	\$	480,477	\$	1,079,818

Revenues	Asset Forfeiture Fund	State Gas Tax Fund	TDA Arcticle 3 Fund
Taxes \$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	_	Ψ -	Ψ -
Charges for services	_	_	_
Charges to other funds		_	_
Intergovernmental	_	2,202,794	128,918
Use of money and property	49	8,064	335
Miscellaneous	-	47,723	-
Total revenues	49	2,258,581	129,253
10141101011400			.20,200
Expenditures			
Current:			
Community services	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-
Capital improvement programs	-	2,516,300	103,045
Total expenditures	-	2,516,300	103,045
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	49	(257,719)	26,208
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	(000 004)	-
Transfers out	-	(936,931)	
Net other financing sources (uses)		(936,931)	
Change in fund balance	49	(1,194,650)	26,208
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,954	1,330,621	(4,376)
Fund balances, end of year \$	6,003	\$ 135,971	\$ 21,832

	Proposition A Local Return Fund	Proposition C Local Return Fund	Measure R Fund	Air Quality Improvement Fund	Self Supporting Fund
\$	1,515,067	1,281,394 \$; ;	\$ -	\$ -
*	-	-	_	-	69,928
	-	-	-	_	781,988
	-	-	-	-	-
	278,204	-	941,401	110,774	-
	7,349	1,860	13,267	777	-
	205,635	114,641			3,550
	2,006,255	1,397,895	954,668	111,551	855,466
	2,019,704	1,303,317	_	108,759	929,586
	2,013,704	1,000,017	_	100,733	525,500
	_	_	_	_	_
	-	-	285,515	-	7,649
-	2,019,704	1,303,317	285,515	108,759	937,235
	(13,449)	94,578	669,153	2,792	(81,769)
	-	-	-	-	540,014
	<u> </u>				540,014
	(13,449)	94,578	669,153	2,792	458,245
	981,101	134,090	1,237,276	116,109	(540,012)
\$	967,652	228,668 \$	1,906,429	\$ 118,901	\$ (81,767)

		Capital Asset Replacement Fund		Restricted Administrative Tow Fee Fund	Youth Services Program Fund
Revenues			_	_	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		53,342	-
Charges for services		-		-	2,235
Charges to other funds		567,509		-	-
Intergovernmental Use of money and property		-		206	-
Miscellaneous		-		206	<u>-</u>
Total revenues	•	567,509		53,548	2,235
				·-	
Expenditures					
Current:				40 447	0.504
Community services Public works		-		12,447	2,594
Community development		-		-	-
Capital improvement programs		161,064		18,617	_
Total expenditures	•	161,064		31,064	2,594
Total experience	•	101,001		01,001	2,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		406,445		22,484	(359)
Other financing courses (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		_		_	_
Transfers out		_		_	_
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	_		-	
(,	•			-	_
Change in fund balance		406,445		22,484	(359)
Fund balances, beginning of year		608,662		7,566	45,992
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,015,107	\$	30,050 \$	45,633

City of Carson All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2013

N	Metropolitan Water District Fund	MTA Call for Projects Fund	-	Parks and Recreation Funds	. <u>-</u>	State Grant Funds	· <u>-</u>	Federal Grant Funds		Totals
\$	- \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	- 9	ĥ	2,796,461
*	-	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	- '	-	123,270
	-	_		-		-		-		784,223
	-	-		-		-		-		567,509
	-	1,370,405		127,182		320,493		2,323,938		7,804,109
	-	425		7,368		6,369		720,803		766,872
_			_	45,998	_		_	239		417,786
_		1,370,830		180,548	_	326,862	_	3,044,980	_	13,260,230
	-	-		_		250,000		118,099		4,744,506
	-	958,668		89,592		34,187		-		1,082,447
	-	· -		-		1,315		1,912,597		1,913,912
	-	353,124		124,350		799,323		411,318		4,780,305
	-	1,311,792	-	213,942	_	1,084,825	_	2,442,014		12,521,170
	_		•		_		_			
_		59,038		(33,394)	_	(757,963)	_	602,966		739,060
	-	-		-		-		11,931		551,945
	(33)			-	_	(89,603)	_		_	(1,026,567)
_	(33)			-	_	(89,603)	_	11,931	_	(474,622)
	(33)	59,038		(33,394)		(847,566)		614,897		264,438
	33_		_	893,826	_	1,137,856	_	(79,770)		5,874,928
\$	- \$	59,038	\$	860,432	\$	290,290	\$	535,127	\$	6,139,366

City of Carson Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Parks and Recreation Funds Year ended June 30, 2013

		Park Development Fund		LA County Park District Fund		State CIP Grants Fund		Totals
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	- ;	\$	127,182	\$	- \$	5	127,182
Use of money and property		6,875		493		-		7,368
Miscellaneous		45,998		-		-		45,998
Total revenues		52,873	_	127,675		-		180,548
Expenditures Current:								
Public works		-		89,592		-		89,592
Capital improvement programs		57,142		29,708		37,500		124,350
Total expenditures	,	57,142	_	119,300	_	37,500		213,942
Change in fund balance	!	(4,269)		8,375		(37,500)		(33,394)
Fund balances, beginning of year		803,797		90,029		-		893,826
Fund balances, end of year	\$	799,528	\$_	98,404	\$	(37,500)	<u> </u>	860,432

City of Carson Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – State Grant Funds Year ended June 30, 2013

Revenues Intergovernmental	Beverage Container Recycling Fund	State COPS Grant Fund 3 137,533 \$	Used Oil State Grant Fund 36,463 \$	State Local Transportation Fund	Proposition 1B Fund	Totals 320,493
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	553	1,359	30,463 \$ 172	121,695	ր - դ 4,285	6,369
Total revenues	25,355	138,892	36,635	121,695	4,285	326,862
Total revenues	25,355	130,092	30,033	121,095	4,200	320,002
Expenditures Current:						
Community services	-	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Public works	6,167		28,020			34,187
Community development	-	-	-	1,315	-	1,315
Capital improvement programs				73,435	725,888	799,323
Total expenditures	6,167	250,000	28,020	74,750	725,888	1,084,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	19,188	(111,108)	8,615	46,945	(721,603)	(757,963)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out	(1,200)	-	(2,680)	-	(85,723)	(89,603)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(1,200)		(2,680)	-	(85,723)	(89,603)
Change in fund balance	17,988	(111,108)	5,935	46,945	(807,326)	(847,566)
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	68,929 86,917	242,577 3 131,469 \$	<u>19,065</u> 25,000 \$	(41) 46,904	807,326	1,137,856 290,290

	Department of Justice/ OJP Grant Fund	Family Support Grant Fund	Housing and Community Development Fund
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 68,000 \$	\$ 44,000 \$	1,117,555
Use of money and property	-	144	846
Miscellaneous			239
Total revenues	68,000	44,144	1,118,640
Expenditures			
Current:			
Community services	73,679	44,420	-
Community development	-	-	1,117,794
Capital improvement programs	295,800	-	-
Total expenditures		44,420	1,117,794
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures		(276)	846
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out			
Net other financing sources (uses)	-		-
Change in fund balance	(301,479)	(276)	846
Fund balances, beginning of year	301,479	24,527	207,222
Fund balances, end of year	\$	\$ 24,251 \$	208,068

	Federal Highway Planning Grant Fund	-	WIA Grant Fund	•	Neighborhood Stabilization Grant Fund		Totals
\$	537,760	\$	556,623	\$		\$	2,323,938
•	11	•	-	•	719,802		720,803
					-	_	239
	537,771		556,623		719,802		3,044,980
	-		-		-		118,099
	-		546,498		248,305		1,912,597
		_	21,126		94,392	_	411,318
		_	567,624		342,697	_	2,442,014
	537,771	_	(11,001)		377,105		602,966
	11,931 -	_	- -		-	_	11,931 -
	11,931	_	-		-	_	11,931
	549,702		(11,001)		377,105		614,897
	(549,702)		101		(63,397)		(79,770)
\$	-	\$	(10,900)	\$	313,708	\$	535,127

City of Carson Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual ASSET FORFEITURE FUND Year ended June 30, 2013

	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Use of money and property	\$ _		<u>49</u>	_\$	49
Total revenues		-	49		49
Change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u>	49	\$	49
Fund balances, beginning of year			5,954	_	
Fund balances, end of year		Ş	6,003	_	

	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	2,466,937 \$	2,202,794 \$	(264,143)
Use of money and property		11,100	8,064	(3,036)
Miscellaneous		-	47,723	47,723
Total revenues	_	2,478,037	2,258,581	(219,456)
Expenditures				
Capital improvement programs	_	2,378,940	2,516,300	(137,360)
Total expenditures	_	2,378,940	2,516,300	(137,360)
Excess (deficiency) of rever over expendite		99,097	(257,719)	(356,816)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	_	(925,000)	(936,931)	(11,931)
Change in fund balance	\$ _	(825,903)	(1,194,650) \$	(368,747)
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	1,330,621	
Fund balances, end of year		\$_	135,971	

		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	183,026	\$	128,918	\$	(54,108)
Use of money and property		-	_	335	_	335
Total revenues	_	183,026		129,253		(53,773)
Expenditures						
Capital improvement programs		178,650		103,045		75,605
Total expenditures		178,650		103,045		75,605
Change in fund balance	\$	4,376	=	26,208	\$_	21,832
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	(4,376)	_	
Fund balances, end of year			\$_	21,832	_	

		Final Budget	. <u>-</u>	Actual Amounts		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	1,403,502	\$		\$	111,565
Intergovernmental		204,100		278,204		74,104
Use of money and property		3,441		7,349		3,908
Miscellaneous	_	248,000		205,635	_	(42,365)
Total revenues	_	1,859,043		2,006,255	_	147,212
Expenditures Current:						
Community services		2,270,283		2,019,704		250,579
Capital improvement programs		81,412		2,010,704		81,412
Total expenditures	_	2,351,695		2,019,704		331,991
Change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	(492,652)	:	(13,449)	\$_	479,203
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	981,101	-	
Fund balances, end of year			\$_	967,652		

	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	1,164,168	\$	1,281,394	\$	117,226
Use of money and property		400		1,860		1,460
Miscellaneous	_	135,000		114,641		(20,359)
Total revenues	_	1,299,568		1,397,895		98,327
Expenditures Current:						
Community services		1,264,706		1,303,317		(38,611)
Total expenditures	_	1,264,706		1,303,317		(38,611)
Change in fund balance	\$_	34,862	•	94,578	\$	59,716
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	134,090	_	
Fund balances, end of year			\$	228,668	-	

Revenues	-	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	870,148	941,401	\$	71,253
Use of money and property	*	3,000	13,267	•	10,267
Total revenues		873,148	954,668	_	81,520
Expenditures Capital improvement programs Total expenditures	-	427,199 427,199	285,515 285,515	-	141,684 141,684
Change in fund balance	\$	445,949	669,153	\$	223,204
Fund balances, beginning of year			1,237,276	_	
Fund balances, end of year		9	1,906,429	=	

Revenues	-	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	117,629 \$	110,774	\$ (6,855)
Use of money and property	•	429	777	348
Total revenues	-	118,058	111,551	(6,507)
Expenditures Current: Community services Total expenditures	-	97,424 97,424	108,759 108,759	(11,335) (11,335)
Change in fund balance	\$	20,634	2,792	(17,842)
Fund balances, beginning of year			116,109	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	118,901	

Revenues Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	\$	Final Budget 862,582 60,000	<u>-</u>	Actual Amounts 781,988 3 69,928 3,550	F	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) (80,594) 9,928 3,550
Total revenues	-	922,582	_	855,466	_	(67,116)
Expenditures Current:	-	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Community services		822,850		929,586		(106,736)
Capital improvement program	-	13,000	_	7,649	_	5,351
Total expenditures	-	835,850	_	937,235	_	(101,385)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditure		86,732		(81,769)	_	34,269
Other financing sources Transfers in	-	525,000		540,014	_	15,014
Change in fund balance	\$	611,732		458,245	\$_	(168,501)
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	(540,012)		
Fund balances, end of year			\$_	(81,767)		

	-	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	•	500 500	•		_	(40.000)
Charges to other funds	\$_	580,508	\$ <u> </u>	567,509	\$	(12,999)
Total reveunes	_	580,508		567,509		(12,999)
Expenditures						
Capital improvement programs	_	775,419		161,064	_	614,355
Total expenditures		775,419		161,064		614,355
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(194,911)	_	406,445		601,356
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	_	500,000		-		(500,000)
Change in fund balance	\$	305,089		406,445	\$	101,356
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	608,662	-	
Fund balances, end of year		;	\$_	1,015,107		

Davaguas		Final Budget	· -	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Φ.	60.500	Φ	EO 040	Φ	(40.450)
Fines and forfeitures	\$	69,500	Ф	53,342	Ф	(16,158)
Use of money and property	_	45_	_	206		161
Total revenues		69,545	_	53,548		(15,997)
Expenditures Current: Community services Capital improvement programs Total expenditures		33,450 25,000 58,450	. <u>-</u>	12,447 18,617 31,064		21,003 6,383 27,386
Change in fund balance	\$	11,095		22,484	\$	11,389
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	7,566	-	
Fund balances, end of year			\$_	30,050		

	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Φ	F 400 (Φ	0.005	Φ	(0.405)
Charges for services	\$_	5,400	<u>ች</u>	2,235	_\$	(3,165)
Total revenues		5,400		2,235	_	(3,165)
Expenditures Current: Community services Total expenditures	-	7,100 7,100		2,594 2,594	-	4,506 4,506
Change in fund balance	\$	(1,700)		(359)	\$	1,341
Fund balances, beginning of year				45,992	-	
Fund balances, end of year		;	\$	45,633	=	

City of Carson Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT FUND Year ended June 30, 2013

	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Other financing sources					
Transfers out	\$_	-	_\$_	(33)	\$(33)
Change in fund balance	\$_	-	_	- ;	\$
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year			\$	33	

•		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues			•	4 070 405	_	(0.4.0.005)
Intergovernmental	\$ 2	2,286,610	\$	1,370,405	\$	(916,205)
Use of money and property		-		425		425
Total revenues		2,286,610		1,370,830		(915,780)
Expenditures Current: Public works Capital improvement programs Total expenditures		958,668 1,327,942 2,286,610		958,668 353,124 1,311,792		974,818 974,818
Change in fund balance	\$	-		59,038	\$	59,038
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	-	_	
Fund balances, end of year			\$_	59,038	=	

Davanas	-	Final Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	•	•	45.000	_	45.000
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$	45,998	\$	45,998
Use of money and property	_	3,050	6,875		3,825
Total revenues		3,050	52,873		49,823
Expenditures Capital improvement programs Total expenditures	-	582,042 582,042	57,142 57,142	 	524,900 524,900
Change in fund balance	\$	(578,992)	(4,269)	\$_	574,723
Fund balances, beginning of year			803,797	_	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	799,528		

		Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	350,000 \$	127,182	\$ (222,818)
Use of money and property			493	493
Total revenues	_	350,000	127,675	(222,325)
Expenditures				
Current:		400.000	00.500	40.400
Public works		130,000	89,592	40,408
Capital improvement programs		250,000	29,708	220,292
Total expenditures	_	380,000	119,300	260,700
Change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	(30,000)	8,375	\$ 38,375
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	90,029	
Fund balances, end of year		\$_	98,404	

_	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues			_		_	(()
Use of money and property	\$	654,550	_\$_		\$_	(654,550)
Total revenues		654,550		-		(654,550)
Expenditures Current: Capital improvement program Total expenditures	_	654,550 654,550		37,500 37,500	_	617,050 617,050
Change in fund balance	\$_	-	=	(37,500)	\$_	(37,500)
Fund balances, beginning of year			-			
Fund balances, end of year			\$	(37,500)		

	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	24,000	\$	24,802	\$	802
Use of money and property		414		553		139
Total revenues		24,414		25,355		941
Expenditures Current: Public works Total expenditures		32,992 32,992		6,167 6,167		26,825 26,825
Other financing uses						
Transfer out	_	(1,200)		(1,200)		
Change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	(8,578)	•	17,988	\$	27,766
Fund balances, beginning of year			_	68,929	_	
Fund balances, end of year			\$_	86,917	=	

	 Final Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 203,858	\$ 137,533	\$	(66,325)
Use of money and property	 731	1,359		628
Total revenues	 204,589	138,892		(65,697)
Expenditures Current:				
Community services	250,000	250,000		-
Total expenditures	 250,000	250,000	- 	_
Change in fund balance	\$ (45,411)	(111,108)) \$ <u>_</u>	(65,697)
Fund balances, beginning of year		242,577	_	
Fund balances, end of year		\$131,469	_	

	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	37,250	\$	36,463	\$	(787)
Use of money and property		-		172	_	172
Total revenues		37,250		36,635		(615)
Expenditures Current: Public works		33,593		28,020		5,573
Total expenditures		33,593		28,020		5,573
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,657		8,615		4,958
Other financing sources Transfers out		(2,680)		(2,680)		
Change in fund balance	\$	977		5,935	\$_	4,958
Fund balances, beginning of year			-	19,065		
Fund balances, end of year			\$	25,000		

		Final Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	•			•	
Intergovernmental	\$	<u>88,466</u> \$		_\$_	33,229
Total revenues		88,466	121,695		33,229
Expenditures					
Current:					
Community development		-	1,315		(1,315)
Capital improvement programs		88,425	73,435		14,990
Total expenditures	_	88,425	74,750		13,675
Change in fund balance	\$	41	46,945	\$_	46,904
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year		\$	(41) 46,904	- =	

Revenues	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	\$	5,651 \$	1 20E ¢	(4.266)
Use of money and property	Φ_		4,285 \$	(1,366)
Total revenues		5,651	4,285	(1,366)
Expenditures Current:				
Capital improvement program		709,548	725,888	(16,340)
Total expenditures	_	709,548	725,888	(16,340)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(703,897)	(721,603)	(17,706)
Other financing sources Transfers out	_	(103,429)	(85,723)	17,706
Change in fund balance	\$_	(807,326)	(807,326) \$	
Fund balances, beginning of year			807,326	
Fund balances, end of year		\$		

	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$	92,890 \$	68,000	\$ (24,890)
Use of money and property	_	1,809		(1,809)
Total revenues	_	94,699	68,000	(26,699)
Expenditures Current: Community services		68,000	73,679	(5,679)
Capital improvement program		287,000	295,800	(8,800)
Total expenditures	-	355,000	369,479	(5,679)
Change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	(260,301)	(301,479)	
Fund balances, beginning of year			301,479	_
Fund balances, end of year		\$	·	_

Pavanua	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Φ.	44.000 Ф	44.000 Ф	
Intergovernmental	\$	44,000 \$	44,000 \$	
Use of money and property	_	100	144_	44
Total revenues		44,100	44,144	44
Expenditures Current: Community services Total expenditures	_	63,133 63,133	44,420 44,420	18,713 18,713
Change in fund balance	\$_	(19,033)	(276) \$	18,757
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	24,527	
Fund balances, end of year		\$_	24,251	

Revenues	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	1,451,609 \$	1,117,555	\$	(334,054)
Use of money and property	Ψ	-	846	Ψ	846
Miscellaneous		_	239		239
Total revenues	_	1,451,609	1,118,640		(332,969)
Expenditures Current:					
Community development	_	1,471,310	1,117,794		353,516
Total expenditures	_	1,471,310	1,117,794		353,516
Change in fund balance	\$_	(19,701)	846	\$	20,547
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	207,222	_	
Fund balances, end of year		\$_	208,068	=	

Revenues	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	5,107,998	\$	537,760	(4,570,238)
Use of money and property	_	-		11_	11
Total revenues	_	5,107,998		537,771	(4,570,227)
Expenditures Current:					
Capital improvement program	_	4,558,296			4,558,296
Total expenditures	_	4,558,296			4,558,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		549,702		537,771	(11,931)
Other financing sources Transfers in	_			11,931	11,931
Change in fund balance	\$_	549,702		549,702	<u> </u>
Fund balances, beginning of year			-	(549,702)	
Fund balances, end of year			\$		

Revenues	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	629,443	_\$	556,623	\$ <u>(72,820)</u>
Total revenues		629,443		556,623	(72,820)
Expenditures Current: Community development Capital improvement programs Total expenditures	=	629,443 - 629,443	- <u>-</u>	546,498 21,126 567,624	82,945 (21,126) 61,819
Change in fund balance	\$	-	•	(11,001)	\$(11,001)
Fund balances, beginning of year				101	
Fund balances, end of year			\$	(10,900)	

Revenues	_	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Use of money and property	\$	1,213,000 \$	719,802 \$	(493,198)
Total expenditures	· <u> </u>	1,213,000	719,802	(493,198)
Expenditures Current: Community development Capital improvement program Total expenditures		327,000 820,000 1,147,000	248,305 94,392 342,697	78,695 725,608 804,303
Change in fund balance	\$	66,000	377,105 \$	(311,105)
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	(63,397)	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	313,708	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



The Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units. The City has two types of Fiduciary funds: Agency Fund and Private-Purpose Trust Fund.

An agency fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds; however, its purpose is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities); therefore, the measurement of results is not appropriate. The following Trust and Agency Funds are funds deposited with the City by various individuals and private organization:

The **Wilmington Assessment District Fund** is used to account for the \$2.2 million Assessment District Limited Obligation Refunding Improvement Bonds, Series 1995. The bonds were used to finance the installations and construction of certain public improvements within the boundaries of the District. The City is in no way liable for the repayment of the bonds but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings for the benefit of the bondholders.

The **Sepulveda Blvd. Assessment District Fund** is used to account for the \$13.1 million Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 1992. The bonds were used to finance the cost of certain street improvements. The City is in no way liable for repayment of the bonds but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings for the benefit of the bondholders.

The **Dominquez Technology Center West Assessment District Fund** is used to account for the \$32.2 million Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2001. The bonds were used to finance the acquisition costs for improvements within the Assessment District, to establish the Reserve Fund and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. The City is in no way liable for repayment of the bonds but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings for the benefit of the bondholders.

A Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. The City has the following private-purpose trust fund:

Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund reports the assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Dissolved Carson Redevelopment Agency. Unlike the limited reporting typically utilized for Agency Fund, Private-purpose Trust Fund reports a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

ASSETS	-	Trust and Agency	 Wilmington Ave Assessment District	_	Sepulveda Blvd Assessment District	 Dominguez Tech Center Assessment District		Totals
Cash and investments	\$	3,121,786	\$ 717,837	\$	1,106,360	\$ 2,181,055	\$	7,127,038
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		-	-		-	2,536,229		2,536,229
Due from other funds	_	-	-	_	-	3,816	_	3,816
Total assets	\$	3,121,786	\$ 717,837	\$	1,106,360	\$ 4,721,100	\$	9,667,083
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	152,988	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,120	\$	155,108
Refundable deposits		2,925,665	-		-	-		2,925,665
Due to other funds		43,133	-		-	-		43,133
Due to assessees/bondholders		-	 717,837	_	1,106,360	 4,718,980		6,543,177
Total liabilities	\$	3,121,786	\$ 717,837	\$	1,106,360	\$ 4,721,100	\$	9,667,083

Trust and Agency	-	Balance at July 1, 2012	_	Additions	_	Reductions	-	Balance at June 30, 2013
Trust and Agency								
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Receivable:	\$	3,587,079	\$	1,224,650	\$	1,689,943	\$	3,121,786
Interest		36	_	-	_	36	_	
Total assets	\$_	3,587,115	\$_	1,224,650	\$	1,689,979	\$	3,121,786
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	427,310	\$	1,352,076	\$	1,626,398	\$	152,988
Refundable deposits		3,159,805		1,218,618		1,452,758		2,925,665
Due to other funds				43,133		-		43,133
Total liabilities	\$_	3,587,115	\$_	2,613,827	\$	3,079,156	\$	3,121,786
Wilmington Ava Accomment District								
Wilmington Ave Assessment District								
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	711,929	\$	5,908	\$	-	\$	717,837
Total assets	\$	711,929	\$_	5,908	\$	-	\$	717,837
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Due to bondholders	\$	711,929	\$	5,908	\$	-	\$	717,837
Total liabilities	\$	711,929	\$	5,908	\$	-	\$	717,837
Sepulveda Blvd Assessment District								
ASSETS			_		•		_	
Cash and investments	\$_		\$_	218,727	\$	194,366	\$	1,106,360
Total assets	۵	1,081,999	۵	218,727	\$	194,366	\$	1,106,360
LIABILITIES								
Due to bondholders	\$	1,081,999	\$	218,727	\$	194,366	\$	1,106,360
Total liabilities	\$	1,081,999	\$	218,727	\$	194,366	\$	1,106,360

Dominguez Tech Center Assessment District	_	Balance at July 1, 2012		Additions		Reductions		Balance at une 30, 2013
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	973,112	\$	3,481,955	\$	2,274,012	\$	2,181,055
Cash and investments with fiscal agent Receivable:		2,512,651		4,071,018		4,047,440		2,536,229
Accounts		1,166,856		_		1,166,856		_
Due from other funds		-		3,816		-		3,816
Total assets	\$	4,652,619	\$	7,556,789	\$	7,488,308	\$ _	4,721,100
	Ť =	.,,	• * =	, ,		,,	_	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	9,542	\$	7,422	\$	2,120
Due to bondholders Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	4,652,619 4,652,619	\$	5,912,620 9,542	φ-	5,846,259 7,422	_	4,718,980
i otai ilabiiities	_Φ =	4,652,619	Φ	9,542	Φ	7,422	Φ_	4,721,100
Totals - All Fiduciary Funds								
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	6,354,119	\$	4,931,240	\$	4,158,321	\$	7,127,038
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		2,512,651		4,071,018		4,047,440		2,536,229
Receivables:								
Accounts		1,166,856		-		1,166,856		-
Interest		36		-		36		-
Due from other funds	<u> </u>	- 40,000,000	<u> </u>	3,816	- _Φ -	- 0.070.650	<u> </u>	3,816
Total assets	» —	10,033,662	Ф_	9,006,074	\$	9,372,653	» —	9,667,083
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	427,310	\$	1,361,618	\$	1,633,820	\$	155,108
Refundable deposits		3,159,805		1,218,618		1,452,758		2,925,665
Due to other funds		-		43,133		-		43,133
Due to assessees/bondholders		6,446,547	_	6,137,255		6,040,625		6,543,177
Total liabilities	\$_	10,033,662	\$_	8,760,624	\$.	9,127,203	\$_	9,667,083

STATISTICAL SECTION (Not covered by Independent Auditors' Report)

CITY OF CARSON, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



This part of the City of Carson's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of oustanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevent year.

-	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of accumulated										
depreciation and related debt	\$ 352,560,147	\$ 345,259,471	\$ 347,867,446	\$ 338,831,073	\$ 339,173,885	\$ 343,401,921	\$ 339,117,408 \$	339,193,971	302,392,752	296,900,646
Restricted for:										
Community services	(428,719)	2,121,021	5,043,426	7,266,284	7,955,782	365,563	437,501	1,351,533	6,228,534	1,874,973
Public works	9,601,103	-	-	-	-	5,163,559	6,218,413	5,462,293	4,606,521	3,379,453
Community development	185,724,332	192,255,065	198,110,054	16,876,793	14,883,468	66,747,912	58,194,306	21,030,464	207,323	-
Housing projects	-	-	-	44,076,682	47,791,190	57,703,840	56,547,299	33,212,090	47,104,277	56,811,390
Unrestricted	(81,462,097)	(71,911,054)	(68,817,297)	90,795,828	96,062,533	(13,874,931)	(41,228,567)	(20,605,772)	2,571,341	12,357,782
							-			
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 465,994,766	\$ 467,724,503	\$ 482,203,629	\$ 497,846,660	\$ 505,866,858	\$ 459,507,864	\$ 419,286,360	379,644,579 \$	363,110,748 \$	371,324,244

\$

•		2004		2005	2006	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
Expenses																		
Governmental activities:																		
General government	\$	16,632,600	\$	18,001,181	\$ 16,767,939	\$ 19,46	9,561	\$ 20,809,981	\$	27,028,260	\$	20,353,648	\$	20,578,498	\$	22,940,199	\$	22,049,082
Community services		32,134,878		33,180,089	32,697,684	36,48	9,941	39,934,036		40,435,251		42,720,043		36,479,106		41,684,670		35,247,843
Public works		22,350,042		14,921,451	14,397,933	15,04	1,177	14,393,790		13,221,772		16,439,029		11,742,451		14,060,876		15,799,718
Community development		11,698,412		17,172,120	13,106,094	18,25	2,691	14,418,785		70,810,907		56,847,899		53,957,318		14,469,115		32,878,975
Interest and other charges		5,549,730		5,465,560	4,819,483	5,68	9,403	6,820,184		6,429,807		7,858,690		15,535,108		5,350,108		-
Capital maintenance programs		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		2,921,050				2,031,237
Interfund reimbursement		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		8,615,980		-		-
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	88,365,662	\$	88,740,401	\$ 81,789,133	\$ 94,94	2,773	\$ 96,376,776	\$	157,925,997	\$	144,219,309	\$	149,829,511	\$	98,504,968	\$	108,006,855
Program Revenues:																		
Governmental activities:																		
Charges for services	\$	11,855,375	\$	11,951,722	\$ 11,709,299	\$ 11,82	3,146	\$ 11,942,829	\$	11,976,952	\$	12,061,204		15,100,971		14,690,950		12,137,769
Operating contributions and grants		12,570,380		10,103,518	8.396.046	17,07	1.652	12,623,073		7,767,632		12,193,258		10,963,981		13,483,809		12,895,134
Capital contributions and grants		-		73,922	996,437		7,327	78,098		1,890,354		4,067,208		5,322,016		3,148,874		489,800
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	24,425,755	\$	22,129,162	\$ 21,101,782	\$ 28,97		\$ 24,644,000	\$	21,634,938	\$	28,321,670	_	31,386,968		31,323,633		25,522,703
Net (expense) revenues-governmental																		
activities/primary government	\$	(63,939,907)	\$	(66,611,239)	\$ (60,687,351)	\$ (65,97	0 648)	\$ (71,732,776)	•	(136,291,059)	\$	(115,897,639)	\$	(118,442,543)	\$	(67,181,335)	\$	(82,484,152)
activities/primary government	φ	(63,939,907)	φ	(00,011,239)	\$ (60,067,331)	\$ (65,97	J,040)	\$ (71,732,770)	φ	(136,291,039)	φ	(115,697,639)	Φ	(110,442,543)	φ	(67, 161,333)	φ	(02,404,132)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets																		
Governmental activities:																		
	•		¢.		\$ -	¢.	_	•	•		¢.		•		\$		\$	
Taxes	\$	- 25 022 202	\$	- 20 450 624	Ψ	\$		\$ -	\$	24 002 040	\$	-	\$	-	Ф	20 200 402 4		40.047.004
Property taxes		25,832,203		28,150,634	29,157,856	31,00	,	32,202,400		34,892,648		32,874,557		32,977,590		28,206,102		19,247,084
Sales taxes		20,632,463		19,010,261	20,133,009	21,06	,	21,648,681		19,262,212		15,051,658		17,195,450		20,688,872		25,187,734
Transient occupancy taxes		896,294		1,139,242	1,329,497		2,123	1,564,083		1,244,543		1,121,092		1,197,800		1,307,732		1,462,174
Franchise taxes		6,675,126		6,888,795	8,433,494	8,12	0,849	8,159,269		9,686,804		6,876,484		7,483,227		7,746,907		7,090,887
Admissions Tax		-		-	-		-	-		105,019		362,105		266,446		390,600		463,116
Utility users tax		-		.	· · · · · ·		.			1,028		6,722,319		7,439,521		8,016,141		7,495,997
Motor vehicle license fee				2,494,546	677,746		1,114	435,813		334,137		288,398		242,811		256,016		50,405
Motor vehicle in lieu		4,679,928		5,369,607	6,594,965	6,39	5,360	6,780,952		7,235,463		7,153,876		7,104,861		-		-
Other tax		-		3,311	3,698		-	-		-		-						
Licenses and permits		-		-	-		-	-		-		-						
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-		-	-		-	-		-		-						
Use of money and property		3,068,670		5,708,185	7,840,437	10,28	3,832	9,209,215		8,488,288		4,842,082		3,062,757		1,763,424		2,568,878
Developer constructed infrastructure		-		-	-		-	-		-		-						
Loss on sale of land		-		-	-		-	-		-		-						
Other revenue		3,134,879		1,577,536	995,775	95	5,734	533,503		638,428		5,212,274		1,830,299		195,425		938,422
Total governmental activities	\$	64,919,563	\$	70,342,117	\$ 75,166,477	\$ 79,75	7,433	\$ 80,533,916	\$	81,888,570	\$	80,504,845	\$	78,800,762	\$	68,571,219	\$	64,504,697
Change in Net Position																		
Governmental activities	\$	979,656	\$	3,730,878	\$ 14,479,126	\$ 13,78	6.785	\$ 8,801,140	\$	(54,402,489)	\$	(35,392,794)	\$	(39,641,781)	\$	1,389,884	\$	(17,979,455)
Total primary government	- \$	979,656	\$	3,730,878	\$ 14,479,126	\$ 13,78		\$ 8.801.140	\$	(54,402,489)	\$	(35,392,794)	\$	(39,641,781)	\$	1,389,884		(17,979,455)
Total philiary government	- -	373,030	Ψ	3,730,076	ψ 17,773,120	Ψ 13,70	5,700	Ψ 0,001,140	Ψ	(54,402,403)	Ψ	(55,552,754)	Ψ	(55,041,761)	Ψ	1,000,004	Ψ	(17,070,700)

N/A - Not Available. The City implemented GASB 34 reporting fof the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

^{*} Includes Motor vehicle in lieu

<u>-</u>										
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 **	2012	2013
General fund										
Reserved	\$ 3,586,648	\$ 2,927,387	\$ 2,936,079	\$ 1,158,240	\$ 2,705,353	\$ 3,114,747	\$ 944,838			
Unreserved, reported in:	10 140 205	20 221 005	20 440 405			1 260 191	1 245 072			
Designated for special purpose Undesignated	19,148,285 2,681,347	20,231,985 3,758,506	20,418,185 4,477,779	26,679,476	21,679,654	1,269,181 16,405,465	1,245,972 15,991,314			
3										
Total general fund	25,416,280	26,917,878	27,832,043	27,837,716	24,385,007	20,789,393	18,182,124			
Special Revenue										
Reserved	1,636,086	1,265,311	3,130,368	15,737,951	14,792,547	17,073,294	17,526,281			
Unreserved, reported in:										
Designated	2,025,413	-	-	8,034,288	11,962,175	6,724,222	7,045,587			
Undesignated	8,278,870	12,608,252	13,291,655	-	-	-	-			
State local transportation fund										
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds										
Total special revenue fund	11,940,369	13,873,563	16,422,023	23,772,239	26,754,722	23,797,516	24,571,868			
0										
Capital projects Reserved	70 110 507	92 012 050	96 701 951	90 595 130	94 460 740	70 754 224	E4 220 724			
Unreserved, reported in:	79,119,527	83,913,950	86,791,251	89,585,120	81,160,740	79,754,221	51,338,721			
Designated	21,057,309	_	_	142,140,637	156,640,705	116,298,202	109,182,006			
Undesignated	85,547,156	108,341,115	112,382,042	142, 140,037	130,040,703	110,230,202	103, 102,000			
Total capital projects	185,723,992	192,255,065	199,173,293	231,725,757	237,801,445	196,052,423	160,520,727			
Total Capital projects	103,723,992	192,233,003	199,173,293	231,725,757	237,001,443	190,032,423	100,320,727			
Total governmental funds	\$ 223,080,641	\$ 233,046,506	\$ 243,427,359	\$ 283,335,712	\$ 288,941,174	\$ 240,639,332	\$ 203,274,719			
0										
General fund Nonspendable								\$ 677,922	\$ 739,877	\$1,632,266
Restricted								2,321,416	2,410,033	2,484,398
Committed								6,198,067	6,705,685	20,409,123
Assigned								3,712,276	3,792,000	5,102,225
Unassigned								10,591,610	15,971,310	6,739,998
								\$ 23,501,291	29,618,905	36,368,010
Housing Authority										
Nonspendable								7,650,948	16,218,201	8,146,939
Restricted								51,868,370	8,832,728	28,598,803
								\$ 59,519,318	25,050,929	36,745,742
Capital projects										
Nonspendable								24,660,162	-	-
Restricted								99,021,335	-	-
								\$ 123,681,497		
Proposition C Local Return Fund										
Restricted									\$ 134,090	\$ -
Federal Highway Planning Grant F	und									
Unassigned	unu								\$ (549,702)	\$ -
•									. (2.2,.02)	
Nonmajor governmental funds										
Restricted								28,208,276	6,221,890	5,206,026
Assigned								589,883	608,662	1,015,107
Unassigned								(3,363,044)	(540,012)	(81,767)
								25,435,115	6,290,540	6,139,366
Total governmental funds								\$ 232,137,221	60,544,762	79,253,118

^{*} Beginning Fiscal Year 2002/03, Debt Service Fund Balances are reported as part of the Special Revenue Funds

^{**} Beginning Fiscal Year 2010-2011, The City adopted GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting, which changes the fund balance classification in the governmental funds.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 56,519,628	\$ 63,655,899	\$ 69,505,481	\$ 73,210,445	\$ 76,416,838	\$ 80,907,303	\$ 74,168,970	79,015,236	68,978,607	63,743,453
Licenses and permits	5,994,196	5,431,560	5,402,462	5,293,969	5,385,637	5,643,875	4,766,767	6,472,150	6,240,419	5,733,199
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	1,795,051	1,653,669	1,754,645	1,727,612	1,609,321	1,701,748	1,789,500	2,187,730	2,789,268	2,013,571
Use of money and property	3,878,909	7,177,883	9,354,791	11,007,795	11,433,529	10,557,318	4,604,809	3,184,744	1,763,424	2,259,942
Intergovernmental	10,153,767	8,721,085	6,215,326	12,207,289	9,067,678	5,443,708	13,027,869	10,746,260	8,361,928	7,794,867
Charges for services	2,893,193	3,271,407	3,077,369	2,985,352	2,985,224	2,559,121	2,662,335	3,062,757	8,967,821	2,907,197
Charges to other funds	437,525	-	902,500	372,000	869,400	32,697	145,057	-	-	567,509
Miscellaneous	3,080,473	2,822,930	2,757,222	3,453,703	1,192,004	1,304,603	6,450,369	2,180,221	2,729,580	4,698,626
Total revenues	84,752,742	92,734,433	98,969,796	110,258,165	108,959,631	108,150,373	107,615,676	106,849,098	99,831,047	89,718,364
Expenditures										
General government	18,059,804	16,049,750	16,666,041	18,071,092	19,130,574	20,139,083	20,686,885	18,136,954	20,690,955	20,120,174
Community services	30,201,484	29,599,768	31,849,780	34,324,469	36,385,981	36,577,270	36,679,991	34,477,002	36,366,232	33,994,074
Public works	14,429,057	13,306,867	14,310,213	14,600,846	15,243,991	12,786,280	13,695,643	14,145,645	16,711,058	14,294,060
Community development	11,983,776	18,003,874	16,522,830	27,983,987	18,219,462	67,156,790	27,037,959	15,249,106	27,466,234	23,606,994
Debt Service										
Bond principal	2,190,000	3,160,000	2,930,000	3,105,000	3,795,000	3,610,000	3,765,000	4,390,000	5,735,000	-
Bond interest	2,879,437	5,077,668	4,958,655	5,223,017	7,634,458	5,985,058	7,181,131	8,592,640	5,096,767	-
Other bond financing costs	2,050,259	2,000	-	947,786	1,033,973	234,980	334,120	577,740	-	-
Capital improvement programs	14,708,820	3,956,003	4,302,986	5,709,591	8,053,836	32,557,557	51,262,569	27,221,615	17,402,989	5,187,757
Interfund reimbursement	(3,226,212)	(2,679,747)	(2,951,561)	(3,196,983)	(3,617,653)	(3,995,295)	(3,770,394)	(3,464,606)	(5,198,738)	-
Total expenditures	93,276,425	86,476,183	88,588,944	106,768,805	105,879,622	175,051,723	156,872,904	119,326,096	124,270,497	97,203,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(8,523,683)	6,258,250	10,380,852	3,489,360	3,080,009	(66,901,350)	(49,257,228)	(12,476,998)	(24,439,450)	(7,484,695)
	(-,,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	(==,==,==,==,	(-, - , -,			
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	67,297,056	13,593,689	12,894,333	13,623,464	23,638,979	26,673,638	18,589,935	22,838,526	25,766,146	1,566,581
Transfers out	(67,297,056)		(12,894,333)	(13,623,464)	(23,638,979)	(26,673,638)	(18,589,935)	(22,838,526)	(25,766,146)	(1,566,581)
Loan Proceeds	-	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Proceeds		-	-	28,000,000	16,845,000		, ,	40,560,000	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	(4,333,072)	-	-	-	(14,319,547)	(390,683)	(272,385)	-	-	-
Loss on sale of land	(598,936)	(1,433,918)						779,500		
Total other financing sources (uses)	58,558,855	3,566,082		28,000,000	2,525,453	22,419,317	11,892,615	41,339,500		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 50,035,172	\$ 9,824,332	\$ 10,380,852	\$ 31,489,360	\$ 5,605,462	\$ (44,482,033)	\$ (37,364,613)	\$ 28,862,502	\$ (24,439,450)	\$ (7,484,695)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.53%	10.71%	9.94%-	9.77%-	14.01% <u>-</u>	7.19% _	11.50%	16.54%	11% <u>-</u>	0%
Loan Proceeds Bond Proceeds Payment to escrow agent Loss on sale of land Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances Debt service as a percentage of	58,558,855 \$ 50,035,172	(1,433,918) 3,566,082 \$ 9,824,332		\$ 31,489,360	(14,319,547) 2,525,453 \$ 5,605,462	\$ (44,482,033)	12,165,000 (272,385) 11,892,615 \$ (37,364,613)	41,339,500 \$ 28,862,502		\$ (7,48

Year Ended 30-Jun	Property Tax		Sales Tax		Franchise Tax		Interest Income on Investments		Building Construction Permits		Business License Fees		Federal Grants		Motor Vehicle License Fees		Utility Users Tax
2004	\$ 25,970,924		\$20,608,179		\$	6,675,126	\$	3,122,010	\$	3,717,082	\$	2,008,429	\$	2,007,064	\$	4,674,718	\$ -
2005	33,520,241	*	19,186,893	**		6,888,795		5,314,792		3,090,034		2,017,497		2,153,900		2,494,546	-
2006	36,319,089	*	20,124,304	**		8,433,494		5,662,143		2,798,971		2,323,767		1,763,153		677,846	-
2007	39,148,797	*	21,053,363	**		8,120,846		8,458,027		2,195,205		2,538,674		8,303,199		531,114	-
2008	41,960,439	*	21,615,227	**		8,159,269		9,442,128		2,291,416		2,567,338		2,449,439		435,813	-
2009	47,831,937	*	19,262,212	**		9,686,804		8,347,727		2,422,053		2,681,222		1,597,640		334,137	-
2010	41,519,865	*	15,051,658	**		6,876,484		2,849,583		1,901,201		2,282,081		12,607,160		288,398	6,722,319
2011	42,753,339	*	17,195,450	**		7,483,227		1,808,934		3,053,450		2,650,060		5,769,455		242,811	7,439,521
2012	19,355,360	#	20,688,872	**		7,746,907		937,338		2,789,592		2,649,097		2,056,551		256,016	7,980,683
2013	15,611,394	*	25,187,734	**		7,090,887		507,216		2,379,027		2,628,905		3,043,040		50,405	7,495,997

^{* -} Includes property taxes received in lieu of motor vehicles license fees.

^{** -} Includes property taxes received in lieu of sales taxes.

[#] Redevelopment Agency was dissolved on 2/1/2012 due to ABx1 26. Property Tax allocation to the dissolved agency is limited to the State's approved Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) money.

	Entire City								Redevelopment Agency							
Fiscal Year								Taxable							Taxable	Total
Ended						Less:		Assessed						Less:	Assessed	Direct Tax
June 30		Secured		Unsecured	Ex	emptions		Value		Secured	U	nsecured	Ex	emptions	Value	Rate
2004	\$	8,823,662	\$	1,359,076	\$	(90,915)	\$	10,091,823	\$	2,344,054	\$	554,936	\$	(13,829)	\$ 2,885,161	1.000%
2005		9,338,345		1,456,260		(92,176)		10,702,429		2,497,646		614,932		(14,185)	3,098,393	1.000%
2006		10,298,564		1,384,761		(92,939)		11,590,386		2,797,669		561,889		(14,343)	3,345,215	1.000%
2007		10,563,712		1,449,239		(93,186)		11,919,765		3,029,193		608,572		(14,785)	3,622,979	1.000%
2008		11,312,601		1,416,880		(94,094)		12,635,387		3,230,043		557,471		(15,449)	3,772,064	1.000%
2009		12,037,843		1,544,502		(95,059)		13,487,286		3,386,534		642,531		(15,853)	4,013,211	1.000%
2010		11,949,059		1,480,135		(95,424)		13,333,770		3,436,787		649,248		(16,065)	4,069,970	1.000%
2011		11,897,501		1,439,918		(95,196)		13,242,223		3,405,081		632,562		(16,197)	4,021,446	1.000%
2012		11,857,196		1,327,723		(93,911)		13,091,009		3,451,606		562,904		(16,037)	3,998,473	1.000%
2013		11,959,163		1,211,622		(92,535)		13,078,250		3,496,537		578,477		(16,017)	4,058,997	1.000%

Note:

In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With a few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is re-assessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitation described above.

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

				F	iscal Year					
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
City Direct Rates:										
City basic rate	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total City Direct Rate	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Overlapping Rates:										
County of Los Angeles	0.0010	0.0009	0.0008	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Community College	0.0199	0.0181	0.0143	0.0215	0.0088	0.0221	0.0231	0.0403	0.0353	0.0376
Unified Schools	0.0771	0.0888	0.0843	0.1068	0.1233	0.1248	0.1518	0.1870	0.1682	0.1756
Flood Control	0.0005	0.0002	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Metropolitan Water District	0.0061	0.0058	0.0052	0.0047	0.0045	0.0043	0.0043	0.0037	0.0037	0.0035
Total Direct Rate	1.1046	1.1138	1.1047	1.1337	1.1366	1.1512	1.1792	1.2310	1.2072	1.2167

Note:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1% fixed amount. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of various inter-governmental overlapping debt.

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

		2013		2004		
			Percent of Total City		Percent of Total City	
	Ta	xable Assessed	Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed	Taxable Assessed	
Taxpayer		Value*	Value	Value	Value	
BP West Coast Products	\$	1,807,126,683	13.72%	2,360,386,870	23.18%	
ConocoPhillips Co		503,787,721	3.83%	-	0.00%	
Watson Land Co		481,448,736	3.66%	318,786,078	3.13%	
Tesoro Refining and Marketing Co.		413,716,232	3.14%		0.00%	
Watson Cogeneration Co.		284,106,000	2.16%	510,325,568	5.01%	
Gatx Tank Storage Terminals Corp.		282,840,064	2.15%	99,497,852	0.98%	
Phillips Petroleum Co.		-	0.00%	306,097,669	3.01%	
General Mills Operations Inc.		162,655,382	1.23%	-	0.00%	
Equilon Enterprises LLC		123,189,840	0.94%	212,298,612	2.08%	
Home Depot Center Anschutz So. Cal. Sports		121,767,019	0.92%	-	0.00%	
Carson Dominguez Properties LP		110,039,104	0.84%	-	0.00%	
Air Products and Chemicals		-	0.00%	93,038,326	0.91%	
Carson Cogeneration Co. LP		-	0.00%	80,000,000	0.79%	
Nissan Motor Corp.		-	0.00%	70,401,660	0.69%	
Tosco Corp.	-		0.00%	68,473,813	0.67%	
	\$	4,290,676,781	32.58%	4,119,306,448	40.45%	

^{*}The amounts shown include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

N/A - Not Available

Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Collected wit		Collections in	Total Collections to Date			
Year Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent Subsequer of Levy Years		Amount	Percent of Levy		
2004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2007	\$ 26,878,008	\$ 24,577,979	91.44%	\$ 2,300,029	\$ 26,878,008	100.00%		
2008	31,165,050	28,498,357	91.44%	2,666,694	31,165,051	100.00%		
2009	34,030,650	31,368,244	92.18%	2,662,406	34,030,650	100.00%		
2010	33,890,362	31,630,105	93.33%	2,260,257	33,890,362	100.00%		
2011	33,155,535	30,977,690	93.43%	2,177,845	33,155,535	100.00%		
2012	33,313,250	31,337,722	94.07%	1,975,528	33,313,250	100.00%		
2013	33,825,963	32,062,885	94.79%	1,763,078	33,825,963	100.00%		

Note: The amounts presented include city property taxes and Redevelopment Agency tax increment. This schedule also includes amounts collected by the City and Redevelopment Agency that were passed-through to other agencies.

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor Controller

N/A - Not Available

	Gross Bonded Debt	Exclusions	Net Bonded Debt City Share
Direct Debt			
City of Carson - 1915 Act Bonds Carson Redevelopment Agency	\$ 29,690,000 180,870,863	\$ 29,690,000 180,870,863	\$ -
Total Direct Debt	\$210,560,863	\$ 210,560,863	\$ -
Overlapping Debt-Repaid with Property Taxes Tax and Assessment Debt General Fund Debt (Net)			\$ 377,348,393 42,270,522
Total Overlapping Debt-Repaid with Property Taxes			419,618,915
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 419,618,915

Notes:

- (1) Direct debt exclusions represent bonds which are not general obligation bonds of the city and do not represent a claim against the General Fund revenues of the City.
- (2) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. The net bonded debt estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of the overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the city.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. and the City of Carson, Finance Division.

					Fiscal Year					
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Debt limit - 15% of Total Assessed Value	\$ 1,533,314,872	\$ 1,629,560,129	\$ 1,763,874,804	\$ 1,813,984,397	\$ 1,923,741,099	\$ 2,052,719,396	\$ 2,029,465,128	\$ 2,016,431,540	\$ 1,994,163,608	\$ 1,993,415,963
Amount of debt applicable to limit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,533,314,872	\$ 1,629,560,129	\$ 1,763,874,804	\$ 1,813,984,397	\$ 1,923,741,099	\$ 2,052,719,396	\$ 2,029,465,128	\$ 2,016,431,540	\$ 1,994,163,608	\$ 1,993,415,963
Total net debt applicable to the limit										
as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation										
Assessed value	\$10,091,823,173	\$10,702,428,623	\$11,590,385,815	\$11,919,765,292	\$12,635,386,881	\$13,487,285,911	13,333,770,032	13,242,222,532	13,091,008,795	13,078,249,995
Add back: exempt real property	130,275,972	161,305,568	168,779,548	173,464,020	189,553,778	197,510,065	195,997,487	200,654,403	203,415,257	211,189,755
Total assessed value	\$10,222,099,145	\$10,863,734,191	\$11,759,165,363	\$12,093,229,312	\$12,824,940,659	\$13,684,795,976	\$13,529,767,519	\$13,442,876,935	\$13,294,424,052	\$13,289,439,750
Debt limit (15% of total assessed value)	\$ 1,533,314,872	\$ 1,629,560,129	\$ 1,763,874,804	\$ 1,813,984,397	\$ 1,923,741,099	\$ 2,052,719,396	\$ 2,029,465,128	\$ 2,016,431,540	\$ 1,994,163,608	\$ 1,993,415,963
Debt applicable to limit:										
General obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Amount set aside for repayment										
of general obligation debt		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,533,314,872	\$ 1,629,560,129	\$ 1,763,874,804	\$ 1,813,984,397	\$ 1,923,741,099	\$ 2,052,719,396	\$ 2,029,465,128	\$ 2,016,431,540	\$ 1,994,163,608	\$ 1,993,415,963
Note: The City of Carson has no bonded debt. The Carson Redevelopment Agency has bonded debt (Tax Allocation)	\$ 111,560,863	\$ 108,400,863	\$ 105,470,863	\$ 130,365,863	\$ 128,570,863	\$ 147,770,863	\$ 156,170,863	\$ 192,340,863	\$ -	\$ -

					Fisc	al Year				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013
Gross tax increment	\$19,887,155	\$21,826,789	\$22,819,093	\$25,682,282	\$ 27.856,482	\$ 33,249,076	\$28.706.556	\$ 28,307,079	\$ 24,310,311	\$ 31,286,630
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Less Mandatory Costs:										
Admin & Pass-Thru	N/A	N/A	N/A		2,079,662	2,761,636	1,989,657	1,715,027	6,023,672	10,961,661
20% Housing Set aside	N/A	N/A	N/A		5,571,297	6,649,815	5,741,311	5,661,416	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	7,650,959	9,411,451	7,730,968	7,376,443	6,023,672	10,961,661
Net tax increment				25,682,282	20,205,523	23,837,625	20,975,588	20,930,635	18,286,639	20,324,969
Debt service										
Principal	\$ 2,190,000	\$ 3,160,000	\$ 2,930,000	\$ 3,105,000	\$ 3,795,000	\$ 3,610,000	\$ 3,765,000	\$ 4,390,000	\$ 5,735,000	\$ 5,735,000
Interest	\$ 2,879,437	\$ 5,077,669	\$ 4,958,655	\$ 4,870,555	\$ 5,931,620	\$ 5,848,966	\$ 7,175,236	\$ 8,394,118	\$ 9,320,356	\$ 9,083,631
	\$ 5,069,437	\$ 8,237,669	\$ 7,888,655	\$ 7,975,555	\$ 9,726,620	\$ 9,458,966	\$10,940,236	\$ 12,784,118	\$ 15,055,356	\$ 14,818,631
Coverage	3.92	2.65	2.89	3.22	2.86	3.52	2.62	2.21	1.61	2.11
•										

Note: The pledged tax increment revenues and the debt service payments refer to the City of Carson Redevelopment Agency.

Source: City of Carson

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2004	97,747	\$ 326,402,466	\$ 33,034	6.5%
2005	98,329	346,423,200	35,022	5.3%
2006	97,981	373,322,192	37,362	4.7%
2007	98,110	390,295,865	39,794	5.0%
2008	98,178	413,317,000	42,265	7.2%
2009	98,159	394,980,563	40,356	11.7%
2010	98,047	410,674,615	41,791	12.3%
2011	91,548	N/A	N/A	12.4%
2012	91,828	N/A	N/A	N/A
2013	92,196	N/A	N/A	N/A

Sources:

- (1) State Department of Finance
- (2) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (data shown is for Los Angeles, CA)
- (3) State of California Employment Development Department

N/A - Not Available

		2013		2004			
Employer	Number of Employees (1)	<u>Rank</u>	Percent of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percent of Total City Employment	
Prime Wheel Corporation	417	1	1.01%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
See's Candy Shops Inc.	404	2	0.98%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Huck International Inc	385	3	0.94%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mag Aerospace Industries	377	4	0.92%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Cedarlane Natural Foods Inc	302	5	0.73%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Sourcecorp Bps Inc	301	6	0.73%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
General Mills Operations LLC	287	7	0.70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Xerox Education Services Inc	278	8	0.68%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
The Pepsi Bottling Group	276	9	0.67%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Pacific Bell	273	10	0.66%	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total	3,300		<u>8.02</u> %	N/A	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	
Total City Employment (2)	41,000						

Sources: (1) City of Carson

(2) State of California Employment Development Department (data shown is not seasonally adjusted - 41,000)

N/A - Not Available. Data on city employment for 2004 is not available.

City of Carson Full-Time-Equivalent City Government Employees By Function/Workgroup Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function/Workgroup										
General government										
City Council	3.09	3.09	3.09	2.99	4.06	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00
City Attorney	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City Clerk	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	4.00
City Treasurer	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.94	5.00
City Manager	49.69	48.67	48.67	48.93	46.95	47.00	47.00	47.00	45.65	20.00
Administrative services	49.00	49.00	52.00	52.00	52.00	52.00	52.00	52.00	50.24	46.00
Public works	99.00	97.00	97.00	94.90	96.00	95.80	82.00	82.00	71.15	136.00
Community Development	29.08	29.08	29.00	29.18	28.99	30.20	41.00	41.00	12.03	32.00
Community Services	158.15	157.16	158.16	158.00	159.00	158.00	158.00	158.00	154.00	84.00
Total	<u>399.01</u>	395.00	398.92	397.00	398.00	398.00	<u>395.00</u>	<u>395.00</u>	<u>348.01</u>	330.00

Source: City of Carson

City of Carson Operating Indicators by Workgroup Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Economic Development										
Housing and Block Grant Division:										
Mobile home rehab grant applications received	N/A	N/A	79	75	28	49	38	55	21	35
Mobile home rehab grants (qualified)	N/A	N/A	66	51	33	17	24	32	18	23
Mobile home rehab grants (dollar value)	N/A	N/A	\$330,000	\$255,000	\$140,000	\$85,000	\$115,389	\$137,705	\$85,000	\$172,500
Single family rehab loan applications received	N/A	N/A	82	89	60	63	64	35	36	30
Single family rehab loans granted	N/A	N/A	69	69	36	16	2	22	13	20
Single family rehab loans granted (dollar value)	N/A	N/A	\$885,000	\$885,000	\$355,000	\$125,000	\$50,000	\$139,185	\$175,000	\$230,000
Moblie home rent control increases processed		N/A	6	6	9	11	11	13	9	11
Employment Development Division:										
Job applicants processed	N/A	N/A	1,146	N/A	654	1,545	1,274	986	18,442	25,232
Summer youth employees hired	N/A	N/A	96	100	90	181	100	27	11	13
Business Development Division:										
Business visitations conducted	N/A	N/A	15	6	19	25	60	160	140	12
Redevelopment Division:										
Development agreements negotiated	N/A	N/A	6	12	10	4	5	17	0	0
Public Services										
Graffiti Abatement Division:										
Service request completed	N/A	N/A	1,555	2,228	2,939	2,321	2,050	,	1,412	817
Square feet of graffiti removed by waterblast	N/A	N/A	94,270	93,697	33,620	69,293	•	,	14,343	,
Square feet of graffiti removed by painting over	N/A	N/A	626,341	685,605	572,347	553,654	646,754	291,507	85,768	153,734
Building and Landscape Maintenance Division:										
Service request completed	N/A	N/A	1,286	1,521	1,886	1,712	1,719	1,715	1,672	N/A
Vouchers issued	N/A	N/A	55	57	56	27	18	0	1	N/A

Source: City of Carson N/A - Not Available

City of Carson Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Y	⁄ear				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Public Services:										
City square miles	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.2
Parks acreage	N/A	N/A	147.8	147.8	147.8	147.8	147.8	147.8	147.8	147.8
Facilities square footage	N/A	N/A	320,004	320,004	320,004	320,004	320,004	320,004	320,004	320,004
Parks	N/A	N/A	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parks - mini	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sports Complex	N/A	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
City Hall	N/A	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Corporate yard	N/A	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety Services Center	N/A	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gymnasiums	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Tennis courts	N/A	N/A	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Basketball courts	N/A	N/A	18	18	18	18	28	28	28	28
Racquetball courts	N/A	N/A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Volleyball courts	N/A	N/A	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4
Snack bars	N/A	N/A	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	10
Ornamental fountains	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Flagpoles	N/A	N/A	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Wading pools	N/A	N/A	7	7	7	7	5	4	4	4
Parking lots	N/A	N/A	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23

Source: City of Carson N/A - Not Available.

